CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA AUDIT REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2018

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FELIX & GLOEKLER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
2306 Peninsula Drive • Erie, Pennsylvania 16506

Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Warren, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

Felix and Slockler, P.C.

June 25, 2019 Erie, Pennsylvania

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

As management of the City of Warren, we offer readers of the City of Warren's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Warren for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

• The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$52,586,094 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,225,377 (unrestricted) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,498,292. Approximately 72% of this total amount, \$3,962,543 is available for spending at the government's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balances).
- The City's General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$3,999,733 as of December 31, 2018 compared to a positive fund balance of \$3,504,303 as of December 31, 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position provides information on all the of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Warren is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the City's property tax base, changes in the resident base, and the condition of the City's roads and bridges.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave, accrued payroll, accrued interest on long-term debt, and intergovernmental receivables.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Warren that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or significant portions of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community development, building code enforcement, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include the operation of the sewage treatment plant and the operation of the parking lots and garage.

The City's government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure), as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have been made in regard to internal activity, payables and receivables.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we separate the City activities as follows:

Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including general government, fire, police, public works, building code enforcement, parks, recreation, and community services. Property and earned income taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance these activities.

Business-type Activities – The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's sewage treatment and parking activities are reported in this category.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed toward specific activities of the City. Except for the general fund, specific funds are established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements. The City's fund financial statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements are explained in a reconciliation schedule following each governmental fund financial statement.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds to similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Warren adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The City also adopts a budget for the capital improvement program fund, the sewer revenue fund, and the parking revenue fund.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into enterprise funds and internal service funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater utility and parking facilities. An internal service fund is used to account for the City's tax collection office.

Fiduciary Funds

Assets held by the City for other parties, either as a trustee or an agent, and that cannot be used to finance the City's own operating programs are reported in the fiduciary funds. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the City's three defined benefit pension plans. Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, pension information, and postemployment benefit information. Other supplementary information includes a combining balance sheet and a combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for non-major governmental funds, and budgetary schedules for the sewer revenue fund and the parking revenue fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following schedule is a summary of the statements of net position.

City of Warren, PennsylvaniaNet Position at December 31, 2018 and 2017

| | Governmen | tal Activities | Business-typ | pe Activities | To | otal |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 5,872,229 | \$ 5,491,854 | \$ 6,431,549 | \$ 5,814,159 | \$ 12,303,778 | \$ 11,306,013 |
| Internal balances | 434,777 | 421,753 | (434,777) | (421,753) | - | - |
| Capital assets, net of depreciation | 28,504,095 | 29,609,785 | 35,501,136 | 36,318,717 | 64,005,231 | 65,928,502 |
| Total Assets | 34,811,101 | 35,523,392 | 41,497,908 | 41,711,123 | 76,309,009 | 77,234,515 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows - pensions | 1,193,266 | | | | 1,193,266 | |
| Total Deferred Outflows | 1,193,266 | | | | 1,193,266 | |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 705,421 | 776,642 | 783,138 | 770,211 | 1,488,559 | 1,546,853 |
| Long-term portion of liabilities | 4,152,327 | 2,256,420 | 19,054,341 | 19,747,620 | 23,206,668 | 22,004,040 |
| Total Liabilities | 4,857,748 | 3,033,062 | 19,837,479 | 20,517,831 | 24,695,227 | 23,550,893 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows - pensions | - | 374,207 | - | - | - | 374,207 |
| Unearned revenues-spec assessments | 220,954 | 216,496 | | | 220,954 | 216,496 |
| Total Deferred Inflows | 220,954 | 590,703 | | | 220,954 | 590,703 |
| Net Position | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in capital assets | 27,257,994 | 27,540,029 | 15,746,637 | 15,875,056 | 43,004,631 | 43,415,085 |
| Restricted | 356,086 | 348,017 | - | - | 356,086 | 348,017 |
| Unrestricted | 3,311,585 | 4,011,581 | 5,913,792 | 5,318,236 | 9,225,377 | 9,329,817 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 30,925,665 | \$ 31,899,627 | \$ 21,660,429 | \$ 21,193,292 | \$ 52,586,094 | \$ 53,092,919 |

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Warren, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$52,586,094 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A significant portion of the City's net assets (82%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should still be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Resources of \$356,086 are subject to external restrictions for highway, street and building renovation projects. The balance of unrestricted net position of \$9,225,377 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current year, the City is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

The City's net position from governmental activities decreased \$973,962 from \$31,899,627 to \$30,925,665.

The City's net position from business-type activities increased \$467,137 from \$21,193,292 to \$21,660,429. Net investment in capital assets decreased \$128,419; unrestricted net position decreased \$595,556.

The following is a summary of the information presented in the statement of activities:

City of Warren, Pennsylvania
Changes in Net Position for the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

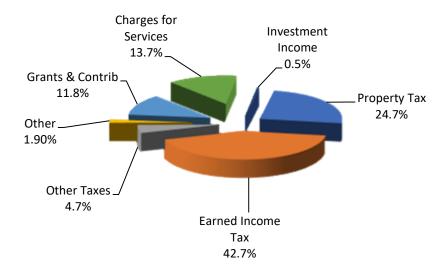
| | Governmenta | al Activities | Business-typ | be Activities | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,237,502 | \$ 1,125,447 | \$ 3,048,082 | \$ 3,123,778 | \$ 4,285,584 | \$ 4,249,225 | |
| Operating grants and contrib | 855,275 | 1,053,567 | - | - | 855,275 | 1,053,567 | |
| Capital grants and contrib | 213,766 | 447,762 | - | 7,012 | 213,766 | 454,774 | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 2,230,793 | 2,329,796 | - | - | 2,230,793 | 2,329,796 | |
| Earned income tax | 3,851,860 | 3,696,923 | - | - | 3,851,860 | 3,696,923 | |
| Other taxes | 420,558 | 355,946 | - | - | 420,558 | 355,946 | |
| Investment income | 43,576 | 141,293 | 87,461 | 27,903 | 131,037 | 169,196 | |
| Other | 176,328 | 76,330 | | | 176,328 | 76,330 | |
| Total Revenues | 9,029,658 | 9,227,064 | 3,135,543 | 3,158,693 | 12,165,201 | 12,385,757 | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| General government | 1,456,343 | 1,447,202 | - | - | 1,456,343 | 1,447,202 | |
| Public safety | 5,187,375 | 3,934,768 | - | - | 5,187,375 | 3,934,768 | |
| Public works, culture/rec | 2,388,745 | 2,411,720 | - | - | 2,388,745 | 2,411,720 | |
| Community development | 556,551 | 125,948 | - | - | 556,551 | 125,948 | |
| Building code enforcement | 402,445 | 437,186 | - | - | 402,445 | 437,186 | |
| Interest expense | 216,317 | 79,472 | - | - | 216,317 | 79,472 | |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Sewer wastewater | - | - | 1,971,341 | 2,014,953 | 1,971,341 | 2,014,953 | |
| Parking | | | 492,909 | 465,405 | 492,909 | 465,405 | |
| Total Expenses | 10,207,776 | 8,436,296 | 2,464,250 | 2,480,358 | 12,672,026 | 10,916,654 | |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | |
| before other items | (1,178,118) | 790,768 | 671,293 | 678,335 | (506,825) | 1,469,103 | |
| Special Item | | | | | - | - | |
| Transfers | 204,156 | 178,419 | (204,156) | (178,419) | - | - | |
| Capital Contributions | | | | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | (973,962) | 969,187 | 467,137 | 499,916 | (506,825) | 1,469,103 | |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 31,899,627 | 30,930,440 | 21,193,292 | 20,693,376 | 53,092,919 | 51,623,816 | |
| Prior Period Adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Net Position, End of year | \$ 30,925,665 | \$ 31,899,627 | \$ 21,660,429 | \$ 21,193,292 | \$ 52,586,094 | \$ 53,092,919 | |

The City's governmental activities in 2018 relied heavily upon earned income tax revenue (42.7%), property tax revenue (24.7%), grants and contributions (11.8%), and charges for services (13.7%) to fund operations. The tax rate for both real estate and earned income remained the same for 2018 after an increase in 2013. The real estate rate is 19.8 mills; earned income is 2.2% (2.7% including the school district rate of .5%) for City residents. Although real estate tax revenue was slightly lower than the previous year, overall tax revenue closely mirrored 2017 with a slight increase of 1.9%. A 1.5% increase in charges for services was primarily attributed to an increase in emergency services revenue received, as well as an increase in recycling fees and recreational user fees.

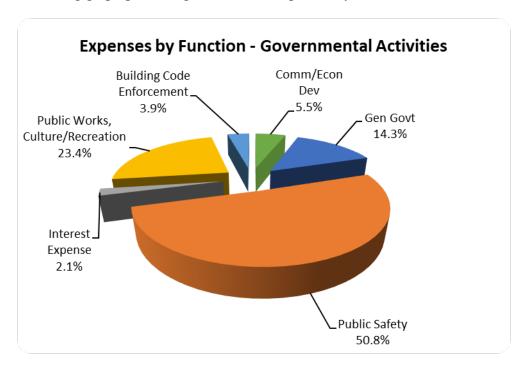
The cost of governmental activities totaled \$10,207,776 for the year ended December 31, 2018. Removing the impact of the change in net pension liability, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows of \$952,564, governmental activities increased \$818,916, representing a 9% increase from the prior year primarily attributed to an increase in personnel services, legal services, contracted services, insurance costs, utility costs, maintenance & repair and other operational costs.

The following graph shows the composition of revenues by source for the City's governmental activities:

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



The following graph presents governmental expenses by function:



Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018, amounts to \$43,004,631 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, the sewer system, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- The Police Department purchased two 2018 Ford Explorer Police Utility Interceptor patrol cars at a cost of \$83,024.
- The Police Department also purchased a Video Storage Unit \$25,998; Watchguard Evidence Library software \$7,800; (8) Body Cameras/Video DVR system \$36,400.
- The Fire Department purchased a Thermal Imager Camera Kit \$4,439; Stryker Ambulance Stretcher \$5,476; and Vehicle Rescue Strut Equipment \$9,364. These purchases were offset with PEMA-FCEMS state grant proceeds.
- The Fire Department also purchased 17 sets of Turnout Gear and various Fire Hoses at a cost of \$43,102 to replace those damaged in a commercial fire. This purchase was offset with insurance proceeds.
- The Department of Public Works purchased a 2018 Vermeer Brush Chipper at a cost of \$35,784 and a Bomag Roller at a cost of \$34,835.

- Other items of equipment purchased by the Department of Public Works include Pool Filter Pump at \$2,527 and three Pool Lifeguard Chairs \$10,177; Street Pedestrian Crossing Signal at a cost of \$4,650.
- The Codes Department purchased a Toshiba Copier and HP Business Desktop at a total cost of \$7,325.
- A Lennox Cooling system was installed in the Municipal Building for the police department at a cost of \$7,327.
- A multi-year Bird View Pavilion Gazebo and Concrete Sidewalk project was completed at a total cost of \$270,813. This project was partially funded by a DCNR grant, Act 57 proceeds, as well as private contributions.
- Equipment purchased on capital leases was a Toshiba e-Studio Copier in the amount of \$11,877 and (50) Zito Phones in the amount of \$8,500. The term for both leases is 60 months.
- Sewer fund equipment purchases included an Envirosight Rover Camera at a cost of \$85,500 and an AC Variable Speed Drive/Raw Pump at a cost of \$4,960.
- Total City-wide building, equipment and machinery disposed in 2018 totaled \$221,031 (net of accumulated depreciation).

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had revenue and general obligation notes that totaled \$1,398,234; compensated absences totaled \$418,685; other postemployment benefits totaled \$145,160; capital leases totaled \$112,743. Included in the revenue and general obligation note balance are two notes obtained in 2010 for Streetscape Project funding and for capital equipment purchases. The balance outstanding at year end for the 2017 Pennvest sewer treatment plant upgrade construction project totaled \$19,679,669. The City's total long-term liabilities decreased \$881,239.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Significant revenue differences between the final budget and actual amounts included a negative variance in taxes, primarily due to the collection of earned income tax and local services tax slightly lower than budgeted. A positive balance is reflected in license and permit revenue which includes vendor/event permits, street/curb permits, and building permits/inspections. Intergovernmental revenue also reports a positive balance which includes an increase in pension state aid and PENNDOT winter maintenance, as well the receipt of a PEMA firefighter grant, a recycling performance grant, and numerous smaller grants. Interest, rents & royalties includes an increase in interest earnings, and proceeds were received for timbering of park trees. Charge for Services revenue also reflects a positive variance primarily due to an increase in recycling fees received, increased EMS fees received, and parks/pool/recreation user fees.

Total general fund operating expenditures for the year were at 84.9% of budget.

Significant expenditure variances were:

- Wages and benefit costs were 7.4% less than budgeted.
- Supplies were 25.3% less than budgeted and include office, training, cleaning, and highway supplies.
- Property and liability insurance were 3.5% higher than budgeted.
- Utility expense (telephone, electricity, gas, sewer, water and solid waste disposal) was 9.3% over budget. All utilities experienced an increase except for sewer and natural gas expense which was significantly under budget.
- Training and education were 12.9% below budget.
- Capital equipment purchases were budgeted at \$350,000; however, only \$321,570 was spent as some purchases were reallocated in the next year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City of Warren closely parallels the county seasonally adjusted rate of 4.8% at year end lower than one year ago at 5.3% but higher than both the national (3.9%) and the state (4.2%). Warren County's rate is nearly the lowest in the region. Rates for Bradford and Erie were both 5.1% and 4.7% respectively. Forest County experienced a rate of 6.2%; 4.7% in Meadville and 4.9% in Oil City.
- Figures from the 2010 census show that the City of Warren has lost 5.4% of its population since the 2000 census from 10,259 to approximately 9,710. 2015 estimates projected that the population fell further to 9,400. This trend is mirrored by other northwestern Pennsylvania municipalities of similar size. The primary reason for the decline has been job loss. The new census data revealed that Warren County has one of the oldest populations in the state (5th out of 67 counties) and is one of 13 counties in the state to experience population loss of greater than 5% since the 2010 census; 18.7% of county residents are over age 65, partly due to the fact that young people do not return to the area after college. Only 19.7% of Warren County's population was under the age of 18 in 2015. Statistics show a total population of 40,396 in 2015 a 3.4% drop since the last census in 2010 at 41,815. 2018 marks the second year where the county's population has dipped below 40,000 estimates had the county's population in 2017 dropping to 39,677 from 40,017. The 2018 data includes an additional decrease of 169 people.
- Investment rates were up considerably at 2.19% up to 2.50% yield on the City's liquid investments with Pennsylvania Local Government Trust (PLGIT) at year end compared to 1.09% 1.31% at December 2017. Certificate of deposit rates also increased averaging 2.61% for 90-180 day CD rates compared to 1.55%; 365-day rates were 2.85% compared to 1.80% a year ago. PLGIT Term rates reflect similar increases: 90-180 day 2.76% at December 2018 compared to 1.69% at December 2018. 365-day rates 2.90% compared to 1.88%.

These factors, as well as factors including infrastructure costs, public safety costs, employee-related costs for healthcare, pensions, wages, and cuts in state and federal aid, were considered in preparing the City of Warren's budget for the 2019 fiscal year. The last few years have seen a pattern of appropriating the City's fund balance to balance the operational budget. However, due to the Gro-Warren loan settlement and subsequent DCED forgiveness of the remaining loan balance, the City experienced a 3.15% increase in general fund balance at year end for 2017 following a 3.5% decrease in 2016. Likewise, the City experienced a 14.1% increase in general fund balance at year end 2018. The City appropriated \$450,427 fund balance to balance its 2019 operational fiscal budget; fund balance of \$1,308,420 was appropriated in the 2019 budget to fund scheduled Capital Improvement Projects.

Highlights of the 2019 fiscal budget include:

- Earned income tax revenue is projected to remain stable with an increase of \$19,500 budgeted in 2019. There are no changes to real estate tax, local services tax or real estate transfer tax revenue in the 2019 budget.
- Employee wage and benefit costs (net of pension) are projected to decrease 2.18% across all funds for 2019 due to a shift of younger employees at entry level positions and decreased benefit costs. Overall, health insurance rates reflect a 6.4% increase for 2019 even though union contracts negotiated for years 2018 thru 2020 resulted in increased cost sharing by employees. The I.A.F.F. collective bargaining agreement expired on December 31, 2017 and is currently still in arbitration at 2018 year end.
- The Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO) expense for the City's pension plans contains a 3.2% decrease for 2019 but again reflects a substantial increase over and above the expected pension state aid in 2019.
- Included in the 2018 budget, the City was awarded a grant by the PA Dept of Community and Economic Development (DCED) for participation in the Early Intervention Program for staff assistance with financial planning and trending analysis, as well as a view of operations to determine cost saving measures that could be implemented. With this grant, the City will receive a 50% offset of the \$84,000 expense allocation. However, this project was again appropriated in the 2019 budget as it was not completed in 2018 as expected.
- A total of \$280,000 was appropriated for street resurfacing for the 2019 summer season to be funded by state appropriated Liquid Fuels funds. An additional \$200,000 has been appropriated to street resurfacing plus \$440,000 for concrete streets utilizing assigned fund balance. Also, \$120,000 has been reallocated from the general fund and \$40,000 from the sewer fund to rebuild the concrete intersection at Lexington Avenue and Parker Street. Funding of \$70,000 was allocated for the engineering design for a streetscape project in the 200 block of Pennsylvania Avenue.
- Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding of \$250,000 was again appropriated for reconstruction of the curb, sidewalk, railing and retaining wall on Park Avenue, as well as \$25,000 of assigned general fund balance.

- The City continues to take an aggressive approach to upgrade its parks and playgrounds in order to bring them into compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Included in the budget is \$30,000 for Lacy Park playground improvements and \$330,000 for Crescent Park's healing garden walking trail. Partial funding includes Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (DCNR) as well as local contributions.
- Funds of \$80,000 has been appropriated for dredging at the Third Avenue Bridge area. Also, \$75,000 has been appropriated for the Glade Run levee rehabilitation, right-of-way and relocation project.
- The City's Pridewalk program resurrected in 2017 is winding down and includes an appropriation of \$17,000 to partially reimburse residents for sidewalk replacement costs for remaining sidewalks committed in 2017-2018.
- A computer network server and scheduled computer replacements in the amount of \$40,000 are included in the Admin & Finance budget.
- Included in the Police Department budget is \$40,000 for the purchase of radio equipment, \$24,500 for the purchase of tasers and \$41,400 for a network server, camera upgrade and computer desktops. Also included is \$40,000 for a police vehicle.
- Included in the Fire Department budget is \$55,000 for the purchase of radio equipment.
- Appropriations to continue the City's contracted services for grass cutting and snow removal for most City properties are included in the 2019 budget.
- Included in the Public Works budget is \$136,000 for the purchase of a five-ton dump truck and salt spreader. Projected equipment purchases for various parks/playgrounds total \$14,500. Also, \$15,000 has been appropriated to replace the DPW garage doors.
- An appropriation of \$200,297 is included in the Public Works budget for the purchase of a trommel screen to be used at the City's compost site. A DEP recycling reimbursement grant in the amount of \$180,877 will offset most of the cost of the screen.
- Contributions of \$36,200 are included to assist various agencies that have submitted funding requests.
- Funds of \$22,300 were budgeted in the Parking Fund for the purchase of additional street meters, as well as parking enforcement equipment. Also included is \$8,000 for a parking enforcement vehicle.
- An appropriation of \$50,000 is included in the CIP budget for a parking garage study.
- Included in the Sewer Fund is \$60,000 for the purchase of a skid steer.
- A Clark Street Pump Station Outfall project is scheduled to begin in 2019 and \$100,000 has been appropriated for this project in the sewer fund budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Warren's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Warren Finance Office, 318 West Third Avenue, Warren, PA 16365.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

| | Govern | mental Activities | В | Total | | |
|---|--------|-------------------|----|----------------|----|------------|
| ASSETS | _ | | | | | _ |
| Current Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 4,529,931 | \$ | 5,857,713 | \$ | 10,387,644 |
| Restricted cash | | 100,381 | | , , , <u>-</u> | | 100,381 |
| Receivable, net | | 205,280 | | 539,649 | | 744,929 |
| Taxes receivable, net | | 413,453 | | - | | 413,453 |
| Intergovernmental receivable, net | | 623,006 | | 34,187 | | 657,193 |
| Prepaid items | | 178 | | - 1, | | 178 |
| Interfund receivable | | 434,777 | | (434,777) | | - |
| Total Current Assets | | 6,307,006 | | 5,996,772 | | 12,303,778 |
| Non-current Assets | | 0,507,000 | | 3,770,772 | | 12,505,770 |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | |
| Assets not being depreciated | | 998,044 | | 74,505 | | 1,072,549 |
| Assets being depreciated, net | | 27,506,051 | | 35,426,631 | | 62,932,682 |
| Total Non-current Assets | | 28,504,095 | | 35,501,136 | | 64,005,231 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | | 34,811,101 | | 41,497,908 | | 76,309,009 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows - pensions | | 1,193,266 | | - | | 1,193,266 |
| Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 36,004,367 | \$ | 41,497,908 | \$ | 77,502,275 |
| LIABILITIES | | _ | | _ | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 133,879 | \$ | 69,549 | \$ | 203,428 |
| Accounts payable Accrued liabilities | Ф | | Ф | 09,349 | Ф | , |
| | | 94,317 | | - | | 94,317 |
| Intergovernmental payable | | 91,817 | | 16 400 | | 91,817 |
| Interest payable Other liabilities | | 16 404 | | 16,400 | | 16,400 |
| | | 16,404 | | - - 104 | | 16,404 |
| Compensated absences | | 149,944 | | 5,104 | | 155,048 |
| Capital leases payable | | 38,959 | | 58,430 | | 97,389 |
| Notes payable | | 180,101 | | 633,655 | | 813,756 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 705,421 | | 783,138 | | 1,488,559 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | | 255 210 | | 0.227 | | 262 627 |
| Compensated absences | | 255,310 | | 8,327 | | 263,637 |
| Capital leases payable | | 15,354 | | 10.046.014 | | 15,354 |
| Notes payable | | 1,218,133 | | 19,046,014 | | 20,264,147 |
| OPEB obligation | | 145,160 | | - | | 145,160 |
| Net pension liability | | 2,518,370 | | 10.054.241 | | 2,518,370 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 4,152,327 | | 19,054,341 | | 23,206,668 |
| Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 4,857,748 | | 19,837,479 | | 24,695,227 |
| Unearned revenues-special assessments | | 220,954 | | _ | | 220,954 |
| Total Deferred Inflows | | 220,954 | | | | 220,954 |
| NET POSITION | | 220,737 | | _ | | 220,734 |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 27,257,994 | | 15,746,637 | | 43,004,631 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Liquid fuels | | 319,074 | | - | | 319,074 |
| Streetscape project | | 37,012 | | - | | 37,012 |
| Unrestricted | | 3,311,585 | | 5,913,792 | | 9,225,377 |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 30,925,665 | \$ | 21,660,429 | \$ | 52,586,094 |

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | | | | Progra | am Revenues | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|----|-------------|--------|-------------|-----|--------------|--|
| | | | Operating | O | perating | Cap | oital Grants | |
| | | (| Charges for | G | rants and | | and | |
| | Expenses | | Services | Co | ntributions | Co | ntributions | |
| Functions/Programs | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,456,343 | \$ | 222,705 | \$ | 126,478 | \$ | - | |
| Public safety | 5,187,375 | | 411,831 | | 334,068 | | - | |
| Public works | 1,791,152 | | 310,389 | | 394,729 | | 49,050 | |
| Culture and recreation | 597,593 | | 146,065 | | - | | - | |
| Community development | 556,551 | | - | | - | | 164,716 | |
| Building code enforcement | 402,445 | | 146,512 | | - | | - | |
| Interest expense | 216,317 | | | | | | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 10,207,776 | | 1,237,502 | | 855,275 | | 213,766 | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer | 1,971,341 | | 2,580,982 | | - | | - | |
| Parking | 492,909 | | 467,100 | | | | | |
| Total Business-Type Activities | 2,464,250 | | 3,048,082 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 12,672,026 | \$ | 4,285,584 | \$ | 855,275 | \$ | 213,766 | |

| | Net (Expense)/Revenue and Chang | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|----|---------------|----|------------------------|--|--|
| | G | overnmental | | Business- | | | | |
| | | Activities | Ty | pe Activities | | Total | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | (1,107,160) | \$ | - | \$ | (1,107,160) | | |
| | | (4,441,476) | | - | | (4,441,476) | | |
| | | (1,036,984) | | - | | (1,036,984) | | |
| | | (451,528) | | - | | (451,528) | | |
| | | (391,835) | | - | | (391,835) | | |
| | | (255,933) (216,317) | | - | | (255,933) (216,317) | | |
| | | (210,317) | | | | (210,317) | | |
| | | (7,901,233) | | | | (7,901,233) | | |
| | | | | 600 644 | | 600 644 | | |
| | | - | | 609,641 | | 609,641 | | |
| | | | | (25,809) | | (25,809) | | |
| | | | | 583,832 | | 583,832 | | |
| | | (7,901,233) | | 583,832 | | (7,317,401) | | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | |
| Property tax | | 2,230,793 | | - | | 2,230,793 | | |
| Earned income tax | | 3,851,860 | | - | | 3,851,860 | | |
| Local services tax | | 320,836 | | - | | 320,836 | | |
| Realty transfer tax | | 93,213 | | - | | 93,213 | | |
| Utility tax | | 6,509 | | 07.461 | | 6,509 | | |
| Investment earnings | | 43,576 | | 87,461 | | 131,037 | | |
| Transfers in/(out) Gain/(Loss) on sale of fixed assets | | 204,156 (228,479) | | (204,156) | | (228,479) | | |
| Miscellaneous revenues | | 404,807 | | _ | | 404,807 | | |
| | | | | (116,605) | | | | |
| Total General Revenues | | 6,927,271 | | (116,695) | | 6,810,576 | | |
| Change in Net Position | | (973,962) | | 467,137 | | (506,825) | | |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | | 31,899,627 | | 21,193,292 | | 53,092,919 | | |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ | 30,925,665 | \$ | 21,660,429 | \$ | 52,586,094 | | |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2018

| | | General Fund | A | Warren development Assistance Loan Fund | Nonmajor vernmental Funds | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
|---|----|-----------------|----|---|---------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 3,403,532 | \$ | 667,974 | \$ 330,585 | \$ | 4,402,091 |
| Restricted cash | | 100,381 | | - | - | | 100,381 |
| Receivable, net | | 205,244 | | - | - | | 205,244 |
| Taxes receivable, net | | 413,453 | | - | - | | 413,453 |
| Intergovernmental receivable, net | | 2,723 | | 500,000 | 120,283 | | 623,006 |
| Prepaid items | | 178 | | - | - | | 178 |
| Interfund receivable | | 567,765 | | | | | 567,765 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 4,693,276 | \$ | 1,167,974 | \$ 450,868 | \$ | 6,312,118 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 110,525 | \$ | - | \$ 23,288 | \$ | 133,813 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 94,317 | | - | - | | 94,317 |
| Interfund payable | | - | | - | 96,995 | | 96,995 |
| Other liabilities | | 16,404 | | - | | | 16,404 |
| Total Liabilities | | 221,246 | | | 120,283 | | 341,529 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | | 251,343 | | _ | _ | | 251,343 |
| Unavailable revenue - special assessments | | 220,954 | | | | | 220,954 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | _ | 472,297 | | | | | 472,297 |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | | |
| Prepaid items | | 178 | | - | - | | 178 |
| Restricted: | | | | | | | |
| Liquid fuels | | - | | - | 319,074 | | 319,074 |
| Streetscape project | | 37,012 | | - | - | | 37,012 |
| Committed: | | | | | | | |
| Economic development funding | | - | | 1,167,974 | - | | 1,167,974 |
| Glade floodway | | - | | - | 11,511 | | 11,511 |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | |
| Community improvement projects | | 1,308,420 | | - | - | | 1,308,420 |
| Equipment | | 549,410 | | - | - | | 549,410 |
| Operations | | 450,427 | | - | - | | 450,427 |
| Parking Fund | | 209,156 | | - | - | | 209,156 |
| Unassigned | | 1,445,130 | | | | | 1,445,130 |
| Total Fund Balance | | 3,999,733 | | 1,167,974 | 330,585 | | 5,498,292 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund | | | | | | | |
| Balance | \$ | 4,693,276 | \$ | 1,167,974 | \$ 450,868 | \$ | 6,312,118 |

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position

| Fund balances - governmental funds | | | \$ 5,498,292 |
|---|----|-------------|------------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are, therefore, not reported in the governmental | | | |
| funds | | | 28,504,095 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable | | | |
| to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds | | | 1,193,266 |
| Certain long-term assets are not available to pay current period | | | |
| expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds-Unavailable | | | |
| revenue-Property taxes | | | 251,343 |
| Other post-employment benefits are reflected on the Statement of Net | | | |
| Position, but are not considered a current expenditure for the fund statements | S | | (145,160) |
| Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period | | | |
| and, therefore, are not reported in the funds | | | |
| Notes payable | \$ | (1,398,234) | |
| Capital leases payable | | (54,313) | |
| Net pension (liability)/asset | | (2,518,370) | |
| Compensated absences | | (405,254) | (4,376,171) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | | \$ 30,925,665 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | | General | A | Warren levelopment Assistance | | Jonmajor vernmental | Go | Total overnmental |
|--------------------------------------|----|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|----|------------------------|----|----------------------|
| REVENUES | | Fund | I | oan Fund | | Funds | | Funds |
| Taxes | \$ | 6,485,819 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 6,485,819 |
| Intergovernmental | Ψ | 555,343 | Ψ | _ | Ψ. | 524,807 | Ψ | 1,080,150 |
| Charges for services | | 559,566 | | _ | | - | | 559,566 |
| Interest, rents and royalties | | 28,922 | | 4,891 | | 9,763 | | 43,576 |
| Licenses and permits | | 501,212 | | - | | - | | 501,212 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 73,938 | | - | | _ | | 73,938 |
| Other | | 305,409 | | - | | 5,000 | | 310,409 |
| Total Revenues | | 8,510,209 | | 4,891 | | 539,570 | | 9,054,670 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,084,445 | | - | | - | | 1,084,445 |
| Public safety | | 4,208,859 | | - | | - | | 4,208,859 |
| Public works | | 1,540,364 | | - | | - | | 1,540,364 |
| Culture and recreation | | 560,028 | | - | | - | | 560,028 |
| Community development | | 92,042 | | 60,000 | | 662,099 | | 814,141 |
| Building code enforcement | | 372,368 | | - | | - | | 372,368 |
| Debt service | | | | - | | 388,111 | | 388,111 |
| Total Expenditures | | 7,858,106 | | 60,000 | | 1,050,210 | | 8,968,316 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | 652,103 | | (55,109) | | (510,640) | | 86,354 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Loan settlement | | 145,010 | | - | | - | | 145,010 |
| Capital lease proceeds | | 20,377 | | - | | - | | 20,377 |
| Transfers in | | 516,878 | | - | | 838,938 | | 1,355,816 |
| Transfers out | | (838,938) | | | | (312,722) | | (1,151,660) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (156,673) | | | | 526,216 | | 369,543 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | 495,430 | | (55,109) | | 15,576 | | 455,897 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | | 3,504,303 | | 1,223,083 | | 315,009 | | 5,042,395 |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ | 3,999,733 | \$ | 1,167,974 | \$ | 330,585 | \$ | 5,498,292 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ | 455,897 |
|--|---------------|----|-------------|
| Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, | | | |
| are shown as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position | | | 455,819 |
| The not effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving | | | |
| The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving | | | (229, 470) |
| capital assets (i.e. disposal of assets) is to decrease net position | | | (228,479) |
| Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets included | | | |
| in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities | | | (906,192) |
| Contain activities namented in the Statement of Activities do not necessing | | | |
| Certain activities reported in the Statement of Activities do not require | | | |
| the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported | | | 10.002 |
| as revenues in the governmental funds-Unavailable revenue-Property taxes | | | 10,883 |
| Deferred outflows are not reflected in the fund statements as they are related | | | |
| to future pension obligations | | | 1,567,473 |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial | | | |
| resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt | | | |
| consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. | | | |
| Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. | | | |
| In the current year these amounts are: | | | |
| , , | | | |
| Payments on notes payable | \$ 171,794 | | |
| Lease proceeds | (20,377) | | |
| Payments on capital lease payable | 38,954 | | |
| Change in compensated absences | (2,906) | | |
| Change in net pension liability | (2,520,037) | | |
| Change in other post-employment benefits | 3,209 | | (2,329,363) |
| | | • | (O=0.055) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ | (973,962) |

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2018

| | Dece | inber 31, 2016 |) | | | | Go | vernmental |
|------------------------------------|------|----------------|-------|----------------|-------|----------------|------|--------------|
| | | Bu | sines | s-Type Activit | ies | | | Activities |
| | | Sewer | | Parking | Total | | Inte | rnal Service |
| | | Fund | | Fund | En | terprise Funds | | Fund |
| ASSETS | | | | | | _ | | |
| Current Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 5,752,594 | \$ | 105,119 | \$ | 5,857,713 | \$ | 127,840 |
| Receivable, net | | 533,897 | | 5,752 | | 539,649 | | 36 |
| Intergovernmental receivable, net | | 34,187 | | - | | 34,187 | | - |
| Total Current Assets | | 6,320,678 | | 110,871 | | 6,431,549 | | 127,876 |
| Non-Current Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | | 25,165 | | 21,630 | | 46,795 | | - |
| Construction in progress | | 27,710 | | - | | 27,710 | | - |
| Assets being depreciated, net | | 27,459,973 | | 7,966,658 | | 35,426,631 | | - |
| Total Capital Assets, Net | | 27,512,848 | | 7,988,288 | | 35,501,136 | | - |
| Total Assets | \$ | 33,833,526 | \$ | 8,099,159 | \$ | 41,932,685 | \$ | 127,876 |
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 64,561 | \$ | 4,988 | \$ | 69,549 | \$ | 66 |
| Interest payable | | 16,400 | | - | | 16,400 | | - |
| Intergovernmental payable | | - | | - | | - | | 91,817 |
| Interfund payable | | 76,198 | | 358,579 | | 434,777 | | 35,993 |
| Compensated absences | | 5,104 | | · - | | 5,104 | | - |
| Capital lease payable | | 12,010 | | 46,420 | | 58,430 | | - |
| Note payable | | 633,655 | | - | | 633,655 | | - |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 807,928 | | 409,987 | | 1,217,915 | | 127,876 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 8,327 | | - | | 8,327 | | - |
| Note payable | | 19,046,014 | | - | | 19,046,014 | | - |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 19,054,341 | | - | | 19,054,341 | | - |
| Total Liabilities | | 19,862,269 | | 409,987 | | 20,272,256 | | 127,876 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 7,804,769 | | 7,941,868 | | 15,746,637 | | - |
| Unrestricted | | 6,166,488 | | (252,696) | | 5,913,792 | | - |
| Total Net Position | | 13,971,257 | | 7,689,172 | | 21,660,429 | | - |
| Total Liabilities and Net Position | \$ | 33,833,526 | \$ | 8,099,159 | \$ | 41,932,685 | \$ | 127,876 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Sewer | Parking | Total | Internal Service | | |
| | Fund | Fund | Enterprise Funds | Fund | | |
| Operating Revenues | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,580,982 | \$ 467,100 | \$ 3,048,082 | \$ 47,574 | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | 2,580,982 | 467,100 | 3,048,082 | 47,574 | | |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 343,876 | 68,008 | 411,884 | 27,398 | | |
| Employee benefits | 123,316 | 26,195 | 149,511 | 18,380 | | |
| Supplies | 103,283 | 15,858 | 119,141 | 330 | | |
| Sludge removal | 164,823 | - | 164,823 | - | | |
| Utilities | 172,233 | 25,372 | 197,605 | 467 | | |
| Other | 207,702 | 91,921 | 299,623 | 999 | | |
| Depreciation | 655,855 | 263,596 | 919,451 | | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | 1,771,088 | 490,950 | 2,262,038 | 47,574 | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | 809,894 | (23,850) | 786,044 | | | |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | 87,016 | 445 | 87,461 | - | | |
| Interest expense | (200,253) | (1,959) | (202,212) | - | | |
| Gain/(Loss) on sale of asset | - | - | - | - | | |
| Transfers out | (66,410) | (137,746) | (204,156) | | | |
| Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) | (179,647) | (139,260) | (318,907) | | | |
| Change in Net Position | 630,247 | (163,110) | 467,137 | - | | |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 13,341,010 | 7,852,282 | 21,193,292 | | | |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 13,971,257 | \$ 7,689,172 | \$ 21,660,429 | \$ - | | |

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | Business-Type Activities | | | Governmental Activities | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------|------|---------------|------|--------------|
| | | Sewer | Parking | | | Total | Inte | rnal Service |
| | | Fund | | Fund | Ente | erprise Funds | | Fund |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | - | | | | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | \$ | 2,584,330 | \$ | 465,410 | \$ | 3,049,740 | \$ | 47,538 |
| Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services | * | (430,716) | • | (40,640) | • | (471,356) | • | (998) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (450,578) | | (99,719) | | (550,297) | | (22,799) |
| Cash payments for other operating expenses | | (207,702) | | (91,921) | | (299,623) | | (999) |
| Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities | | 1,495,334 | | 233,130 | | 1,728,464 | | 22,742 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers to other funds | | (66,410) | | (137,746) | | (204,156) | | |
| Net cash used by noncapital | | | | | | | | |
| and related activities | | (66,410) | | (137,746) | | (204,156) | | |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets/loss on disposal | | (100,070) | | (1,800) | | (101,870) | | _ |
| Principal payments on note/lease | | (639,279) | | (49,360) | | (688,639) | | _ |
| Interest paid on debt | | (200,253) | | (1,959) | | (202,212) | | _ |
| Net cash used by capital and related | | (200,233) | | (1,939) | | (202,212) | | |
| financing activities | | (939,602) | | (53,119) | | (992,721) | | _ |
| • | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest income | | 87,016 | | 445 | | 87,461 | | |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 87,016 | | 445 | | 87,461 | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 576,338 | | 42,710 | | 619,048 | | 22,742 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, January 1, 2018 | | 5,176,256 | | 62,409 | | 5,238,665 | | 105,098 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, December 31, 2018 | \$ | 5,752,594 | \$ | 105,119 | \$ | 5,857,713 | \$ | 127,840 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash | | | | | | | | |
| provided by (used by) operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 809,894 | \$ | (23,850) | \$ | 786,044 | \$ | - |
| Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) | | | | | | | | |
| to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 655,855 | | 263,596 | | 919,451 | | - |
| Changes in assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows | | | | | | | | |
| (Increase) decrease in receivable | | 1,097 | | (1,690) | | (593) | | (36) |
| (Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable | | 2,251 | | - | | 2,251 | | - |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | | 10,146 | | 590 | | 10,736 | | (201) |
| Increase (decrease) in compensated absences | | (1,926) | | - | | (1,926) | | - |
| Increase (decrease) in intergovernmental payable | | - | | - | | - | | 23,494 |
| Increase (decrease) in interest payable | | (523) | | - | | (523) | | · - |
| Increase (decrease) in interfund payable | | 18,540 | | (5,516) | | 13,024 | | (515) |
| Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities | \$ | 1,495,334 | \$ | 233,130 | \$ | 1,728,464 | \$ | 22,742 |

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trusts December 31, 2018

ASSETS

| Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ 81,861 16,485,979 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Total Assets | \$ 16,567,840 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 1,136 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,136 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net position held in trust for pension benefits | 16,566,704 |
| Total Net Position | 16,566,704 |
| Total Liabilities and Net Position | \$ 16,567,840 |

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trusts

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| Additions: Contributions Employer Plan members | \$ 695,695 92,606 |
|--|----------------------|
| Total | 788,301 |
| Investment income (loss), net | (779,536) |
| Total Additions | 8,765 |
| Deductions: Benefits Management expense | 913,820 58,283 |
| Total Deductions | 972,103 |
| Change in Net Position | (963,338) |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 17,530,042 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 16,566,704 |

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Warren, Pennsylvania was incorporated in 1832, operating as a borough under the Borough code until December 31, 1977, when it changed to a Home Rule Municipality under the Home Rule Charter and Optional Plans Law, Pennsylvania Act 62 of 1972. On January 2, 1989, the Borough changed its name to the City of Warren. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: Public Safety – Police and Fire, Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Health and Social Services, Culture/Recreation, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, Code Enforcement, and General Administrative Services.

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations within the City's reporting entity primarily include the degree of oversight responsibility maintained by the City Council. Examples of oversight responsibility include financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

The City established the Redevelopment Authority of the City of Warren, whose purpose is to acquire and dispose of blighted properties within the City. Financial data for the Redevelopment Authority of the City of Warren is not included as a component unit in these financial statements because inclusion is immaterial to the City's basic financial statements. The Redevelopment Authority of the City of Warren has not issued separate financial statements for 2018.

B. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan fund is used to provide funding for start-up businesses and non-profit organizations created to improve the City of Warren.

The Capital Improvement Program fund accounts for governmental fund-type capital projects of the City.

The Community Development Block Grant fund accounts for federally funded programs of the City.

The Highway Aid fund accounts for monies received from the state and used for street and road projects.

The Glade Run Escrow fund accounts for funds held for the maintenance of Glade Run under an agreement with Department of Environmental Protection.

The Debt Service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

The Sewer Revenue fund accounts for activities of the City's sewage system. The City operates the sewage treatment plant and sewage pumping stations and collections systems.

The Parking Revenue fund accounts for the activities of the City's parking operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service fund accounts for services provided to other departments of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Fiduciary funds account for the activities of the City's pension funds, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budget:

1. In accordance with the City's Home Rule Charter, on or before 45 days prior to December 31, the City Manager submits a proposed budget and an accompanying message to the City Council for the ensuing year. The message explains the budget both in fiscal terms and in terms of programs, policies, activities, and plans. The budget document provides a financial plan of the general fund, the capital improvement fund, the sewer revenue fund, and the parking revenue fund for the upcoming year and is balanced in that the total of proposed expenditures does not exceed total estimated revenues. The budget is in such form as the City Manager deems desirable.

- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted by resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, the capital improvement fund, and the enterprise funds.
- 5. Adoption of the budget constitutes the appropriation of the amounts specified in the general fund as expenditures.
- 6. Appropriations may be transferred within departments at any time during the year by the City Manager. City Council may, by resolution, transfer appropriations between departments. Appropriations may not be reduced below any amounts required by law or by more than the amount of unappropriated balance remaining.
- 7. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year unless encumbered.
- 8. City Council may authorize supplemental appropriations during the year.

The City does not provide a budget for its major special revenue fund, the Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan fund, as the fund's revenues and expenditures relate only to the fund's loan activity.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The budget for the parking revenue fund disclosed an excess of expenditures over appropriations of \$78,106 mainly due to depreciation expense not being budgeted for by the City. The amounts over expended were funded by prior year's accumulated fund balances.

- G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance
 - 1. Cash and cash equivalents and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents as used in the statement of cash flows are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, pooled for investment purposes in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT), and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Pennsylvania statutes provide for investment of Governmental Funds into certain authorized investment types including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of Governmental Funds for investment purposes. Fiduciary Fund investments may also be made in corporate stocks and bonds, real estate, and other investments consistent with sound business practices.

The deposit and investment policy of the City adheres to state statutes and prudent business practice. The investments of the Fiduciary Funds are administered by trustees and are held separately from those of other City funds.

2. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

3. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. For infrastructure assets the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of one year), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$10,000 are reported as capital assets.

Capital assets in governmental activities acquired prior to December 31, 2002 are valued at acquisition costs provided by an industrial appraiser. Governmental capital assets purchased after December 31, 2002 are valued at cost. Governmental infrastructure assets acquired after December 31, 2003 are reported at cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets life are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Capital asset classes | Lives |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Computers and software | 5 |
| Machinery and equipment | 8-15 |
| Vehicles | 8 |
| Improvements | 15-20 |
| Buildings | 20-40 |
| Infrastructure | 50 |

4. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is related to actuarially determined changes in the net pension liability recognized over future periods (see note 8 for further information).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of this item, which arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting and full accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes, which is currently shown in the fund statements, and special assessments, which is shown in both the fund statements and government-wide statements. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

5. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

6. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

7. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing council (council) has by resolution authorized the director of finance to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property taxes

The property tax is levied each June on the assessed valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding June. Assessed values are established annually by Warren County and are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. Assessed valuation of taxable real estate amounted to \$112,699,588 at a tax rate of 19.8 mills. Taxes are paid at discount to September 30th and at par to November 30th. Taxes paid after November 30th are assessed a 10% penalty.

Unpaid property taxes are returned to the County Treasurer by the City on the last Monday in April. The property is levied at that time. Delinquent notices are sent in July. Taxpayers have until the following June to pay the balance. If unpaid by July 1, property is advertised for sale. The property is then posted in August and sold on the second Monday of September.

3. Compensated absences and accumulated unpaid employee benefits

Unionized and nonunionized City employees generally earn sick leave at rates set forth in the respective union contracts. Sick leave accumulates on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulation policies vary depending on the contract.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts.

5. Credit risk

During the course of operations, the City grants credit to its customers, substantially all of whom are located in the City's area.

6. Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer fund, parking fund, and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. Pronouncement Implemented

The City has adopted GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting For Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions for the year ended December 31, 2018. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. (OPEB)

J. Future Pronouncements

The City will adopt GASB 87, *Leases* for the year ended December 31, 2020. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for Leases.

The City will adopt GASB 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements for the year ended December 31, 2019. The objective of this statement is to help users have better information to understand the effects of debt on a government's future resource flows.

The City will adopt GASB 90, *Majority Equity Interests* for the year ended December 31, 2019. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information related to the presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations.

NOTE 2 – CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Primary Government:

Deposits

At December 31, 2018, the City's deposits, excluding the pension trust funds, are as follows:

NOTE 2 – CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (CONTINUED)

| | Bank | Book | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| Governmental Activities: Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,674,594 | \$ 4,630,312 | | |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5,853,899 | 5,857,713 | | |
| | \$ 10,528,493 | \$ 10,488,025 | | |

Included in the governmental activities and business-type activities, unrestricted cash is the City's investment in PLGIT external investment pools, with total deposit of \$8,062,099 as of December 31, 2018. The City's investment in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported at amortized cost, which approximate market. All investments in an external investment pool that are not SEC-registered are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth. The City can withdraw funds from the investment pools without limitation or fees.

Custodial Credit Risk – For a deposit, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2018, \$513,640 of the City's \$10,528,493 bank balance was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Of the remaining bank balance, \$10,014,853 is collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania State Legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name, and the remaining balance is uncollateralized and uninsured. These deposits have carrying amounts of \$10,488,025 as of December 31, 2018.

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of December 31, 2018 for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

| | General Fund | Sewer Fund | Parking Fund | Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan Fund | Internal Service Fund | Capital Improvement Program | Total |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Taxes | \$ 413,453 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 413,453 |
| Intergovernmental | 2,723 | 34,187 | - | 500,000 | - | 120,283 | 657,193 |
| Other | 242,997 | 729,585 | 5,752 | | 36 | | 978,370 |
| Gross Receivables Less: Allowance for | 659,173 | 763,772 | 5,752 | 500,000 | 36 | 120,283 | 2,049,016 |
| Uncollectable | (37,753) | (195,688) | | | | | (233,441) |
| Net Receivables | \$ 621,420 | \$ 568,084 | \$ 5,752 | \$ 500,000 | \$ 36 | \$ 120,283 | \$ 1,815,575 |

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Position

| Receivable | \$ 978,370 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts | (233,441) |
| Receivable, net | \$ 744,929 |

The receivable in the Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan Fund is related to West of Liberty Apartments and is not expected to be received within a one-year period.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

| | Bal | lance January | dditions/ ljustments | Deletions/ | D | Balance ecember 31, 2018 |
|---|-----|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----|--------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets not Depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 609,956 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 609,956 |
| Construction in progress | | 353,131 | 88,964 | (257,852) | | 184,243 |
| Redevelopment properties | | 410,291 | | (206,446) | | 203,845 |
| Total Capital Assets not Depreciated | \$ | 1,373,378 | \$ 88,964 | \$ (464,298) | \$ | 998,044 |
| Capital Assets Depreciated: | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | \$ | 25,995,097 | \$ 92,678 | \$ - | \$ | 26,087,775 |
| Buildings | | 5,300,099 | 185,462 | - | | 5,485,561 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 2,988,088 | 18,139 | (1,183) | | 3,005,044 |
| Machinery and equipment, computers and software | | 2,244,483 | 245,404 | (104,823) | | 2,385,064 |
| Vehicles | | 2,125,084 | 83,024 | (101,535) | | 2,106,573 |
| Furnitures and fixtures | | 131,728 | | (1,008) | | 130,720 |
| Total Assets Depreciated | | 38,784,579 | 624,707 | (208,549) | | 39,200,737 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | (3,439,316) | (413,549) | - | | (3,852,865) |
| Buildings | | (2,856,591) | (130,314) | - | | (2,986,905) |
| Improvements other than buildings | | (1,505,324) | (98,494) | 1,006 | | (1,602,812) |
| Machinery and equipment, computers and software | | (1,188,746) | (143,071) | 92,862 | | (1,238,955) |
| Vehicles | | (1,499,958) | (118,302) | 91,780 | | (1,526,480) |
| Furnitures and fixtures | | (485,075) | (2,462) | 868 | | (486,669) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | | (10,975,010) | (906,192) | 186,516 | _ | (11,694,686) |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | \$ | 27,809,569 | \$ (281,485) | \$ (22,033) | \$ | 27,506,051 |

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

| | | nce January 1, 2018 | Additions/ djustments | | tions/ tments | D | Balance ecember 31, 2018 |
|---|------|------------------------|-----------------------|----|------------------|----|--------------------------|
| Business-Type Activities | | | | , | | | |
| Capital Assets not Depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 46,795 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 46,795 |
| Construction in progress | | 18,100 | 9,610 | | | | 27,710 |
| Total Capital Assets not Depreciated | \$ | 64,895 | \$ 9,610 | \$ | | \$ | 74,505 |
| Capital Assets Depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | \$ | 5,770 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 5,770 |
| Sewer treatment plant | 2 | 26,155,219 | - | | - | | 26,155,219 |
| Sewer machinery and equipment | | 466,292 | 90,460 | | - | | 556,752 |
| Sewer collection system | | 2,917,085 | - | | - | | 2,917,085 |
| Vehicles | | 498,635 | - | | - | | 498,635 |
| Furniture and fixtures | | 342 | - | | - | | 342 |
| Parking garage | | 9,570,275 | - | | - | | 9,570,275 |
| Parking lots and parking equipment | | 1,140,732 | 1,800 | | | | 1,142,532 |
| Total Assets Depreciated | | 40,754,350 | 92,260 | | | | 40,846,610 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | (357) | (288) | | - | | (645) |
| Sewer treatment plant | | (527,025) | (527,025) | | - | | (1,054,050) |
| Sewer machinery and equipment | | (219,977) | (38,579) | | - | | (258,556) |
| Sewer collection system | | (935,794) | (48,905) | | - | | (984,699) |
| Vehicles | | (334,566) | (41,037) | | - | | (375,603) |
| Furniture and fixtures | | (258) | (22) | | - | | (280) |
| Parking garage | | (2,310,322) | (192,565) | | - | | (2,502,887) |
| Parking lots and parking equipment | | (172,229) | (71,030) | | | | (243,259) |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | | (4,500,528) | (919,451) | | | | (5,419,979) |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | \$ 3 | 36,253,822 | \$ (827,191) | \$ | | \$ | 35,426,631 |

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community development Building code enforcement | \$ 462,158 208,424 154,053 72,495 4,531 4,531 |
|--|---|
| Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities | \$ 906,192 |
| Business-Type Activities: | |
| Depreciation | |
| Sewer fund | \$ 655,855 |
| Parking fund | 263,596 |
| Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities | \$ 919,451 |

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:

| Due To | Due From | Amount | | |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| General | Sewer | \$ 76,198 | | |
| General | Parking | 358,579 | | |
| General | Tax Agency | 35,993 | | |
| General | Capital Improvement Program | 96,995 | | |
| | | \$ 567,765 | | |

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of interfund balances between governmental activities and business-type activities were as follows:

| Total interfund balances above | \$ 567,765 |
|---|---------------|
| Less: interfund balances between | |
| governmental funds | (132,988) |
| Total interfund balances between governmental | _ |
| activities and business-type activities | \$ 434,777 |

Interfund balances represent amounts owed to general fund for short-term payments made out of the general fund for operating expenses.

Transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

| Transfer From | Transfer To | | Amount |
|------------------|----------------------------------|----|-----------|
| General Fund | Glade Run Escrow Fund | \$ | 7,500 |
| General Fund | Capital Improvement Program Fund | | 588,098 |
| General Fund | Debt Service Fund | | 243,340 |
| Parking Fund | General Fund | | 137,746 |
| Sewer Fund | General Fund | | 66,410 |
| Highway Aid Fund | General Fund | | 312,722 |
| | | \$ | 1,355,816 |

Reconciliation of transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities were as follows:

| Governmental activities | \$ 1,151,660 |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Business-Type activities | 204,156 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 1,355,816 |

Transfers are made to account for capital items purchased through the capital improvement fund and to fund operating expenses out of the general fund.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City's long-term debt consists of the following:

General Obligation Debt

Streetscape Project – A note in the amount of \$1,500,000 was obtained to provide financing for the City's Streetscape project and associated costs. The note is payable to a bank in quarterly installments of \$35,097, including interest at 4.75%. The note matures July 2025. The note is secured by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Parking Garage – The City obtained a note in the amount of \$1,100,000 for repair work on the Clark Street parking garage and other capital projects. The note is payable to a bank in quarterly installments of \$25,738, including interest at 4.75%. The note matures July 2025. The note is secured by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City.

Sewer Treatment Plant Upgrade – A note in the amount of \$21,491,723 was obtained to pay for costs of the sewer treatment plant upgrade. The note is payable to Pennvest in monthly installments of \$69,126, including interest at 1%, maturing in 2044. The note is secured by full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City. Payments begin at the earlier of three months after the estimated date of completion, the first day of the calendar month following completion of the project, or three years from the date of settlement. Interest expense for the year was \$200,253. The outstanding amount of the note as of December 31, 2018 is \$19,679,669.

Debt Service Requirements

| | Government | al Activities | Business-Type | e Activities | rities Totals | | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Year Ending | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | \$ 180,101 | \$ 63,244 | \$ 633,655 | \$ 193,898 | \$ 813,756 | \$ 257,142 | |
| 2020 | 188,809 | 54,531 | 640,021 | 187,535 | 828,830 | 242,066 | |
| 2021 | 197,938 | 45,401 | 646,451 | 181,102 | 844,389 | 226,503 | |
| 2022 | 207,510 | 35,830 | 652,945 | 174,608 | 860,455 | 210,438 | |
| 2023 | 218,543 | 24,797 | 659,504 | 168,049 | 878,047 | 192,846 | |
| 2024-2028 | 405,333 | 20,528 | 3,398,244 | 739,522 | 3,803,577 | 760,050 | |
| 2029-2033 | - | - | 3,572,401 | 565,365 | 3,572,401 | 565,365 | |
| 2034-2038 | - | - | 3,755,484 | 382,282 | 3,755,484 | 382,282 | |
| 2039-2043 | - | - | 3,947,949 | 189,817 | 3,947,949 | 189,817 | |
| 2044-2046 | | | 1,773,015 | 20,016 | 1,773,015 | 20,016 | |
| | \$1,398,234 | \$ 244,331 | \$ 19,679,669 | \$2,802,194 | \$21,077,903 | \$3,046,525 | |

On December 23, 2013, the City of Warren entered into an agreement with Erie Bank to obtain a revolving line of credit not to exceed \$2.5 million dollars in order to assist with the short-term financing for the construction of a new waste water treatment plant. The line of credit matures on December 22, 2018 and has a fixed interest rate of 2.79%. As of December 31, 2018, the line of credit was not extended and the account was closed.

Capital Leases

The City entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of police cars, a tractor, office equipment and parking project. The leases are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their purchase. The assets acquired under capital leases are recorded at \$438,908, accumulated depreciation of \$150,652, and are included with capital assets in the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under these capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at December 31, 2018. Capital lease amortization is included in depreciation expense.

| Asset Class | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Machinery and equipment | \$ 52,023 | \$ 230,068 | | |
| Vehicles | 162,655 | 59,397 | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (58,057) | (98,367) | | |
| Total | \$ 156,621 | \$ 191,098 | | |

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

| Year Ending | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 | \$ 40,654 4,634 4,634 4,634 2,893 | \$ 59,324 - - - |
| Total minimum lease payments | 57,449 | 59,324 |
| Less amount representing interest Present value of minimum lease payments | (3,136) \$ 54,313 | \$ 58,430 |

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

| | January 1, | | | | | D | ecember 31, | Dι | ie Within |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----|-----------|----|------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|
| | 2018 | A | Additions | R | Leductions | | 2018 | | ne Year |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Notes payable | \$ 1,570,028 | \$ | - | \$ | (171,794) | \$ | 1,398,234 | \$ | 180,101 |
| Capital leases | 72,890 | | 20,377 | | (38,954) | | 54,313 | | 38,959 |
| Compensated absences | 402,348 | | 492,242 | | (489,336) | | 405,254 | | 149,944 |
| Other postemployment benefits | 148,369 | | - | | (3,209) | | 145,160 | | - |
| | \$ 2,193,635 | \$ | 512,619 | \$ | (703,293) | \$ | 2,002,961 | \$ | 369,004 |
| Business-Type activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer fund upgrade note | \$ 20,307,022 | \$ | - | \$ | (627,353) | \$ | 19,679,669 | \$ | 633,655 |
| Capital leases | 119,716 | | - | | (61,286) | | 58,430 | | 58,430 |
| Compensated absences | 15,357 | | 35,287 | | (37,213) | _ | 13,431 | | 5,104 |
| | \$ 20,442,095 | \$ | 35,287 | \$ | (725,852) | \$ | 19,751,530 | \$ | 697,189 |

The liability for compensated absences is normally liquidated by the general, sewer or parking funds.

NOTE 7 – WARREN REDEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE LOAN FUND PAYABLE

Under the terms of a settlement agreement with the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED), the City of Warren is obligated to repay \$500,000 to the Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan fund for grant payments disallowed by the DCED. The agreement calls for monthly payments of \$3,030, including interest at 4%, maturing December 2032. The obligation is secured by all funds contained in the Warren Redevelopment Assistance Loan Fund. The loan was settled in March of 2018 for the amount of \$145,010.

NOTE 8 – RETIREMENT PLANS

The City administers three single-employer defined benefit pension Plans: Municipal employees, Police and Firefighters. The Plans were established by municipal ordinance with the authority for municipal contributions required by Act 205 of the Pennsylvania legislature. A separate report is not issued for each Plan. Each Plan is accounted for as a separate pension trust fund on the accrual basis and is governed by City Council. Assets are held separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to members of the respective Plans.

Municipal Employees

The City of Warren Municipal Employee Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension Plan. The Plan was established by Ordinance No. 845, effective August 15, 1966. The Plan was amended and restated by Ordinance No. 1880, effective October 17, 2016. The Plan is governed by the City Council of the City of Warren which may amend Plan provisions, and which is responsible for the management of Plan assets. The City Council has delegated the authority to manage certain Plan assets to Vanguard. The Plan is required to file Form PC-203C biennially with the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General's Municipal Pension Reporting Program (MPRP). The most recent filing was as of January 1, 2017.

Benefit Provisions

Eligibility Requirements

Normal Retirement: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: Age 62 and

10 years of service.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: Age

60 and 20 years of service.

Early Retirement: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: Age 57 and

12 years of service.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019:

None.

Vesting: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: 50% after 5

years of service, increasing by 10% for each additional year, up to a maximum of 100% after the completion of 10

years of service.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019:

100% after 20 years of service.

Retirement Benefit: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: A monthly

benefit equal to 1.2% of Final Average Monthly Salary (base pay averaged over the final 60 months of employment), plus 1.0% of Final Average Monthly Salary

in excess of \$550 multiplied by years of service.

Retirement Benefit (Cont.): For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or

for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: A monthly benefit equal to 50% of Average Compensation (base pay averaged over the highest 5-year period, or rate of monthly pay at retirement, whichever is higher). Such benefit shall be offset by 40% of a Participant's full Social

Security old-age insurance benefit.

Death Benefit

Before 10 Years of service: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: Refund of

contributions if any, plus interest.

After 10 Years of service For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: The but before retirement: participant's spouse will receive 50% of the participant's

Accrued Benefit, payable for life or until remarriage.

Before Retirement: For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or

for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019:

Refund of contributions.

After Retirement: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: The Normal

Form of Benefit is a life annuity. At retirement, the participant may select an optional form of benefit payment

that is an actuarial equivalent of the Normal Form.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: None except that total benefits paid to the participant are

less than the refund of contributions, the excess balance is

payable.

Disability Benefit

Service Related: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: In the event

of total and permanent disablement, the accrued benefit at date of disablement is payable 5 months after disablement and continuing for duration of Disability prior to Normal

Retirement date and life thereafter.

Service Related (Cont.): For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or

> for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: In the event of total and permanent disablement after completing at least 10 years of service, a monthly benefit equal to 50% of Average Compensation (base pay averaged over the highest 5-year period, or rate of monthly pay at retirement, whichever is higher) payable immediately and continuing for duration of Disability prior to Normal

Retirement date and life thereafter.

Non-Service Related: Same.

DROP Benefit: None.

Vesting Benefit: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: If eligible, the

Accrued Benefit at date of termination, multiplied by the

vested percentage is payable at Normal Retirement.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: The Normal Retirement Benefit above payable at Normal Retirement conditioned upon the participant continuing to make contributions to the pension plan until Normal

Retirement Age.

Late Retirement: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: The Benefit is

> the greater of the Normal Retirement Benefit actuarially increased to Late Retirement date, or the accrued benefit at

actual Late Retirement date.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019: the

accrued benefit at actual Late Retirement date.

Early Retirement

Amount of Benefit: For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: Normal

Retirement benefit based on Years of Continuous Service at

date of actual retirement payable at Normal Retirement.

For those Union employees hired after January 1, 2018 or for Non-Union Employees hired after January 1, 2019:

None.

Reduction for Early For those hired on or before January 1, 2018: Benefit may be elected immediately, but will be reduced by 6.7% for

each year by which commencement of benefits precedes

Normal Retirement Date.

Deposits

At December 31, 2018, the Plan held \$31,729 in deposits. All deposits were fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Investments

The Plan is authorized to invest in legal investments permitted under the Pennsylvania Fiduciaries Investment Act. The Plan's target asset allocation is as follows:

| Asset Class | <u>Target Percentage</u> |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Equities | 55-65% |
| Fixed Income | 32.5-42.5% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0-5.0% |

Credit Risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan has no investment policy for credit risk. The credit ratings of the Plan's investments (excluding obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government) are indicated on the table below.

| <u>Investment Type</u> | Fair Value | Credit Rating |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | \$1,976,960 | Not Rated |

The above investments are categorized in the fair value hierarchy in the following manner:

| | Level I | Level II | Leve | 1 III |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------------|------|-------|
| Equity Mutual Funds | \$3,453,197 | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | | 1,976,960 | | - |
| | \$3,453,197 | \$ 1,976,960 | \$ | - |

The valuation technique used in determining the above fair value are recently executed transactions, market price quotations and pricing models that factor in where applicable interest rates, bond, or CD spread volatility. No significant changes in the valuation technique were used as of December 31, 2018.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Plan places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2018, the Plan had no investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations, mutual funds or other pooled investments) in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of Fiduciary Net Position.

Interest Rate Risk for investments is the risk that a change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Plan has no investment policy for interest rate risk other than the 42.5 percent limit on fixed income securities. The maturities of the Plan's debt investments are listed on the table below.

| <u>Investment Maturities (in Years)</u> | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | Less Than 1 | <u>N/A</u> | <u>1-5.99</u> | <u>6 - 10</u> | More than 10 |
| Debt Securities-Fixed Income Funds | \$ 1,976,960 | \$ - | <u>\$ -</u> | \$ 988,416 | \$ 988,544 | \$ - |
| Equity Mutual Funds | 3,453,197 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 5,430,157 | | | | | |

Contributions

The employer follows the funding policy prescribed by Act 205 of 1984 (as amended), which requires that annual contributions be based upon the Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO) using the Plan's most recent biennial actuarial valuation. The MMO includes the normal cost, estimated administrative expenses and an amortization contribution of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability less estimated member contributions, and a credit equal to 10% of the excess (if any) of the actuarial value of assets over the actuarial accrued liability. The state provides an allocation of funds which must be used for pension funding. Any financial requirement established by the MMO which exceeds state and member contributions must be funded by the employer.

Employees hired on or before January 1, 2018 are required to contribute 2.0% of covered payroll to the Plan. Employees hired after January 1, 2018 are required to contribute 3.5% of covered payroll to the Plan. This contribution is governed by the Plan's governing ordinances and collective bargaining.

Administrative costs, which may include but are not limited to investment management fees and actuarial services, are charged to the Plan and funded through the MMO and/or Plan earnings.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

\$ 6,335,217 Total pension liability* Plan fiduciary net position (5,461,886)

Net pension liability 873,331

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability: 86.2%

*The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the reporting date using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions

2.75% Inflation:

Salary increases: 4.75% including inflation

Mortality: RP-2014 Mortality Table with rates set forward 5 years for

> disabled members. Mortality improvement based on longrange demographic assumptions for 2015 SSA's trustee

report.

Expected Long-Term

Rate of Return: 7.25 % applied to all periods

> The long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation and investment expenses not funded through the MMO) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

| | Long Term |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Asset Class | Expected Real ROR |
| Equities | 5.0 % – 7.0 % |
| Fixed Income | 1.0% - 3.0% |
| Cash and Equivalents | 0.0 % - 1.0 % |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Plan will continue to be funded based on the Minimum Municipal Obligation as determined in accordance with Act 205. Based on that assumption, the pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following shows the effect of a 1% change in the discount rate on the net pension liability:

| | 1% Decrease 6.25% | | Curren | t Discount Rate 7.25% | 1% Increase 8.25% | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 1,565,666 | \$ | 873,331 | \$ 285,960 | | |

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2018, the City did not owe anything to the Plan.

Plan Membership

The Plan provides pensions for full-time municipal employees of the City. As of December 31, 2018, pension Plan membership consists of:

| Active employees | 24 |
|--|----|
| Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 31 |
| Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them | 5 |
| Total | 60 |

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) | | |
| Balances at 12/31/17 | \$ 6,106,471 | \$ 5,893,933 | \$ 212,538 | | |
| Changes for the Year: | | | | | |
| Service cost | 151,378 | - | 151,378 | | |
| Interest | 440,752 | - | 440,752 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | - | - | | |
| Change of assumptions | - | - | - | | |
| Contributions - employer | - | 193,392 | (193,392) | | |
| Contributions - employee | - | 24,575 | (24,575) | | |
| Net investment income | - | (259,726) | 259,726 | | |
| Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions | (363,384) | (363,384) | - | | |
| Administrative expense | <u> </u> | (26,904) | 26,904 | | |
| Net changes | 228,746 | (432,047) | 660,793 | | |
| Balances at 12/31/2018 | \$ 6,335,217 | \$ 5,461,886 | \$ 873,331 | | |

Notes to Schedule

On May 21, 2018, the pension Plan was amended to grant Third Class City Code minimum required benefits for full-time non-uniformed, union employees hired after January 1, 2018 and for full-time non-uniformed non-union employees hired after January 1, 2019. As of December 31, 2018, here are no impacted employees in the Plan.

Police Pension

The City of Warren Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension Plan. The Plan was established by Ordinance No. 376, effective May 7, 1945. The Plan was amended and restated by Ordinance No. 1669, effective January 1, 2002. The Plan is governed by the City Council of the City of Warren which may amend Plan provisions, and which is responsible for the management of Plan assets. The City Council has delegated the authority to manage certain Plan assets to Vanguard. The Plan is required to file Form PC-201C biennially with the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General's Municipal Pension Reporting Program (MPRP). The most recent filing was as of January 1, 2017.

Benefit Provisions

Eligibility Requirements:

Normal Retirement: Completion of 20 years of service.

100% after 12 years of service. Vesting:

Retirement Benefit A monthly benefit equal to 50% of Final Average Monthly

Compensation (compensation averaged over the final 36 months of employment), plus Extra Service benefit of 1/40 of the Normal Retirement Benefit for each completed Year of Service in excess of 20 years, up to a maximum increase of \$500. Service completed after age 65 is not counted.

Death Benefit

Before Retirement Eligibility: Refund of contributions plus interest.

After Retirement Eligibility: The surviving spouse will receive 100% of the amount the

> participant was receiving or entitled to receive payable for life or until remarriage. In the event of the spouse's death or remarriage, the participant's children under age 18 will

share the benefit, or until age 21 if a full-time student.

Disability Benefit

Service Related: For total and permanent disablement, a monthly benefit

> equal to 50% of compensation averaged over the final 36 months prior to disablement will be payable commencing the first day of the month following disablement and continuing for duration of Disability prior to Normal

Retirement date and life thereafter.

Non-Service Related: None.

DROP Benefit: None.

Normal retirees will receive a 2.0% per year increase in Cost-of Living Adjustment:

their benefit. Total increases may not exceed 70% of the contractual pay rate of a fourth-year officer/First Class Patrolman at the time of retirement. Disabled retirees will receive annual increases based on the Consumer Price

Index up to a maximum of 30% of the original benefit.

Vesting Benefit: A benefit at Normal Retirement date equal to 50% of Final

> Average Monthly Compensation in the 36 months preceding termination multiplied by the ratio of actual service to 20 years. Benefit is paid in lieu of the return of

member contributions.

Deposits

At December 31, 2018, the Plan held \$50,132 in deposits. All deposits were fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Investments

The Plan is authorized to invest in legal investments permitted under the Pennsylvania Fiduciaries Investment Act. The Plan's target asset allocation is as follows:

| Asset Class | Target Percentage |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Equities | 55-65% |
| Fixed Income | 32.5-42.5% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0-5.0% |

Credit Risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan has no investment policy for credit risk. The credit ratings of the Plan's investments (excluding obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government) are indicated on the table below.

| <u>Investment Type</u> | Fair Value | Credit Rating |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | \$2,749,072 | Not Rated |

The above investments are categorized in the fair value hierarchy in the following manner:

| | Level I | Level II | Level III |
|--|-------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds Equity Mutual Funds | \$ - 4,772,964 | \$ 2,749,072 | \$ - - |
| | \$4,772,964 | \$ 2,749,072 | \$ - |

The valuation technique used in determining the above fair value are recently executed transactions, market price quotations and pricing models that factor in where applicable interest rates, bond, or CD spread volatility. No significant changes in the valuation technique were used as of December 31, 2018.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Plan places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2018, the Plan had no investments (other than U.S. Government and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations, mutual funds or other pooled investments) in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of Fiduciary Net Position.

Interest Rate Risk for investments is the risk that a change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Plan has no investment policy for interest rate risk other than the 42.5 percent limit on fixed income securities. The maturities of the Plan's debt investments are listed on the table below.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Maturities (in Yea Less Than 1 | 1-5.99 | <u>6 - 10</u> | More th | an 10 | <u>N</u> | <u>J/A</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|-------|----------|------------|
| Debt Securities-Fixed Income Funds | \$2,749,072 | \$ - | \$1,374,446 | \$1,374,626 | \$ | | \$ | - |
| Equity Mutual Funds | 4,772,964 | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$7,522,036 | | | | | | | |

Contributions

The employer follows the funding policy prescribed by Act 205 of 1984 (as amended), which requires that annual contributions be based upon the Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO) using the Plan's most recent biennial actuarial valuation. The MMO includes the normal cost, estimated administrative expenses and an amortization contribution of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, less estimated member contributions, and a credit equal to 10% of the excess (if any) of the actuarial value of assets over the actuarial accrued liability. The state provides an allocation of funds which must be used for pension funding. Any financial requirement established by the MMO which exceeds state and member contributions must be funded by the employer.

Employees are required to contribute 5.0% of covered payroll to the Plan. This contribution is governed by the Plan's governing ordinances and collective bargaining. Contributions are currently reduced to 2.0% of covered payroll.

Administrative costs, which may include but are not limited to investment management fees and actuarial services, are charged to the Plan and funded through the MMO and/or Plan earnings.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

| Total pension liability* | \$ | 8,063,251 |
|-------------------------------|----|-------------|
| Plan fiduciary net position | (| (7,568,938) |
| | | |
| Net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 494,313 |

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability: 93.9%

^{*}The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the reporting date using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 4.75% including inflation

Mortality: RP-2014 Mortality Table with 50% Blue Collar adjustment,

with rates set forward 5 years for disabled members. Mortality improvement based on Long-Range Demographic Assumptions for 2015 SSA's Trustee report.

Expected Long-Term

Rate of Return: 7.25 % applied to all periods

The long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation and investment expenses not funded through the MMO) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Plan will continue to be funded based on the Minimum Municipal Obligation as determined in accordance with Act 205. Based on that assumption, the pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following shows the effect of a 1% change in the discount rate on the net pension liability(asset):

| | 1 | 1% Decrease 6.25% | | Cur | rent Discount Rate 7.25% | 1% | % Increase 8.25% |
|-----------------------|----|-------------------|---|-----|--------------------------|----|------------------|
| Net Pension Liability | \$ | 1,380,857 | • | \$ | 494,313 | \$ | (246,640) |

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2018, the City did not owe anything to the Plan.

Plan Membership

The Plan provides pensions for full-time policemen of the City. As of December 31, 2018, pension Plan membership consists of:

| Active employees | 13 |
|--|----|
| Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 24 |
| Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them | 0 |
| Total | 37 |

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) | |
| Balances at 12/31/17 | \$ 7,873,272 | \$ 8,300,110 | \$ (426,838) | |
| Changes for the Year: | | | | |
| Service cost | 179,535 | - | 179,535 | |
| Interest | 564,110 | - | 564,110 | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | - | - | |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | - | |
| Contributions - employer | - | 183,505 | (183,505) | |
| Contributions - employee | - | 19,727 | (19,727) | |
| Net investment income | - | (360,541) | 360,541 | |
| Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions | (553,666) | (553,666) | - | |
| Administrative expense | - | (20,197) | 20,197 | |
| Net changes | 189,979 | (731,172) | 921,151 | |
| Balances at 12/31/2018 | \$ 8,063,251 | \$ 7,568,938 | \$ 494,313 | |

Firefighter Pension

The City of Warren Firefighters Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension Plan. The Plan was established September 1, 1974 (adopted pursuant to Act 600 of 1956). The Plan was amended and restated by Ordinance No. 1668, effective January 1, 2010. The Plan is governed by the City Council of the City of Warren which may amend Plan provisions, and which is responsible for the management of Plan assets. The City Council has delegated the authority to manage certain Plan assets to Brighthouse Life Insurance Company and Vanguard. The Plan is required to file Form PC-202C biennially with the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General's Municipal Pension Reporting Program (MPRP). The most recent filing was as of January 1, 2017.

Benefit Provisions

Pension Plan benefit provisions are as follows:

Eligibility Requirements

Normal Retirement: Age 55 and 20 years of service, as of January 1, 2020: Age

50 and 20 years of service.

Early Retirement: None.

Vesting: 100% after 12 years of service.

Retirement Benefit: A monthly benefit equal to 50% of Final Average Monthly

Compensation, base pay plus longevity averaged over the highest 5 years or the final monthly rate of pay, whichever is higher, plus a service increment of 1/40 of the Normal Retirement Benefit for each completed Year of Service in excess of 20 years, up to a maximum of \$250. For new hires after January 1, 2020, the maximum service increment is \$100. Service completed after age 65 is not counted.

Death Benefit

Before Retirement Eligibility: A monthly benefit equal to 50% of Vested Accrued Benefit

at date of death is payable to the participant's spouse

immediately until death.

After Retirement Eligibility

Or in-Service death: A monthly benefit equal to 100% of the benefit the

participant was receiving or was entitled to receive payable to the survivor for life. For those participants who die while in active service, the benefit is deferred until the

participant's normal retirement date.

Disability Benefit

Service Related: Upon total and permanent disablement as determined by a

qualified physician, participant will receive a monthly benefit equal to 50% of compensation averaged over the final 60 months prior to disablement. Benefit commences the first day of the month following disablement and continuing for duration of Disability prior to Normal

Retirement date and life thereafter.

Non-Service Related: Hired on or after 1/1/2010, there is a 10-year service

requirement. Monthly benefit is 30%.

DROP Benefit None.

Other Benefits

Vesting Benefit Prospective Normal Retirement Benefit is multiplied by the

ratio of service to date divided by projected service to Normal Retirement payable at Normal Retirement Date.

Member Contributions

Amount or Rate: 5.0% of wages + \$2.50 per month for service increment.

Interest Rate Credited to

Member Contributions: 0.0%

Deposits

At December 31, 2018, the Plan held no deposits.

Investments

The Plan is authorized to invest in legal investments permitted under the Pennsylvania Fiduciaries Investment Act. The Plan's target asset allocation is as follows:

| Asset Class | Target Percentage |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Equities | 55-65% |
| Fixed Income | 32.5-42.5% |
| Cash Equivalents | 0-5.0% |

Credit Risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan has no investment policy for credit risk. At December 31, 2018, the credit ratings of the Plan's investments (excluding obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government) are indicated on the table below.

| <u>Investment Type</u> | Fair Value | Credit Rating |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Mutual Funds | \$885,726 | Not Rated |
| Annuity Contract | \$372,968 | Not Rated |

The above investments are categorized in the fair value hierarchy in the following manner:

| | Level I | Level II | Level III |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Money Market Funds | \$2,275,092 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Fixed Income Mutual Funds | - | 885,726 | - |
| Annuity Contract | | | 372,968 |
| | \$2,275,092 | \$ 885,726 | \$ 372,968 |

The valuation technique used in determining the above fair value are recently executed transactions, market price quotations and pricing models that factor in where applicable interest rates, bond, or CD spread volatility. No significant changes in the valuation technique were used as of December 31, 2018.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Plan places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At December 31, 2018, all Plan assets were held by Brighthouse Life Insurance Company or Vanguard.

Interest Rate Risk for investments is the risk that a change in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The maturities of the Plan's debt investments are listed on the table below.

| <u>Investment Maturities (in Years)</u> | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| <u>Investment Type</u> | Fair Value | Less Than 1 | <u>1-5.99</u> | <u>6 - 10</u> | More than 10 | |
| Mutual Funds | \$ 885,726 | \$ - | \$ 442,222 | \$ 443,504 | \$ - | |
| Insurance Contracts | 372,968 | | | | | |
| Equity Mutual Funds | 2,275,092 | | | | | |
| | \$ 3,533,786 | | | | | |

Contributions

The employer follows the funding policy prescribed by Act 205 of 1984 (as amended), which requires that annual contributions be based upon the Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO) using the Plan's most recent biennial actuarial valuation. The MMO includes the normal cost, estimated administrative expenses and an amortization contribution of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability less estimated member contributions, and a credit equal to 10% of the excess (if any) of the actuarial value of assets over the actuarial accrued liability. The state provides an allocation of funds which must be used for pension funding. Any financial requirement established by the MMO which exceeds state and member contributions must be funded by the employer.

Employees are required to contribute 5.0% of covered payroll + \$2.50 per month for service increment to the Plan. This contribution is governed by the Plan's governing ordinances and collective bargaining.

Administrative costs, which may include but are not limited to investment management fees and actuarial services, are charged to the Plan and funded through the MMO and/or Plan earnings.

The components of the net pension liability at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Total pension liability* \$ 4,684,512 Plan fiduciary net position (3,533,786)

Net pension liability \$ 1,150,726

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability: 75.4%

*The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the reporting date using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation: 2.75%

Salary increases: 4.5% including inflation

Mortality: RP-2014 Mortality Table with 50% Blue Collar adjustment,

with rates set forward 5 years for disabled members. Mortality improvement based on long-range demographic

assumptions for 2015 SSA's Trustee report.

Expected Long-Term

Rate of Return: 6.75 % applied to all periods

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return (Continued):

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation and investment expenses not funded through the MMO) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

| | Long Term |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Asset Class | Expected Real ROR |
| Equities | 5.0 % - 7.0 % |
| Fixed Income | 1.0 % - 3.0 % |
| Cash and Equivalents | 0.0 % - 1.0 % |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Plan will continue to be funded based on the Minimum Municipal Obligation as determined in accordance with Act 205. Based on that assumption, the pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following shows the effect of a 1% change in the discount rate on the net pension liability:

| | 1% Decrease | Curre | nt Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|
| | 5.75% | | 6.75% | 7.75% |
| 37.8 | * 1.50.110 | Φ. | 1 150 506 | 4 62.5.50 |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ 1,784,126 | \$ | 1,150,726 | \$ 635,797 |

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2018, the City did not owe anything to the Plan.

Plan Membership

The Plan provides pensions for full-time firefighters of the City. As of December 31, 2018, pension Plan membership consists of:

| Active employees | 20 |
|--|----|
| Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 0 |
| Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them | 1 |
| Total | 21 |

Changes in Net Pension Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
| Balances at 12/31/17 | \$ 3,560,261 | \$ 3,347,628 | \$ 212,633 |
| Changes for the Year: | | | |
| Service cost | 193,215 | - | 193,215 |
| Interest | 296,254 | - | 296,254 |
| Changes of benefit terms | 636,134 | - | 636,134 |
| Differences between expected and actual experiences | - | - | - |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employer | - | 318,798 | (318,798) |
| Contributions - employee | - | 48,304 | (48,304) |
| Net investment income | - | (159,269) | 159,269 |
| Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions | (1,352) | (1,352) | - |
| Administrative expense | | (20,323) | 20,323 |
| Net changes | 1,124,251 | 186,158 | 938,093 |
| Balances at 12/31/2018 | \$ 4,684,512 | \$ 3,533,786 | \$ 1,150,726 |

Notes to Schedule

Benefits Changes: Effective in the 2018 Collective Bargaining Agreement, beginning in 2020, the retirement eligibility has been reduced from age 55 and 20 years of service to age 50 and 20 years of service.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,648,259. At December 31, 2018, the Plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the municipal employee's, firefighter's and police officer's pension from the following sources:

| | Defe | rred Outflows |
|---|------|---------------|
| | of | Resources |
| Differences between expected and | | _ |
| actual experience | \$ | (356,906) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 397,959 |
| Net difference between projected and | | |
| actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 1,152,213 |
| | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,193,266 |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (+) and deferred inflows (-) of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:

| 2019 | \$ 511,191 |
|------------|--------------|
| 2020 | 265,969 |
| 2021 | 195,654 |
| 2022 | 422,846 |
| 2023 | (42,496) |
| Thereafter | (159,898) |
| Total | \$ 1,193,266 |

Plan Provisions

The City offers a single-employer Plan that provides health care, disability, and life insurance benefits to eligible retired City employees and their spouses. These benefits were established under collective bargaining agreements or by resolution of Council. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The Summary of Substantive Plan Provisions below is included to clarify the basis of our actuarial valuation and is not meant to govern the operation of the Plan. The summary represents our understanding of the benefits provided by the Plan, based upon documentation provided by the employer and our understanding of the way in which the employer operates the Plan.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

Firefighters Union

Benefits Provided: Any employee retiring after January 1, 2015

shall not be entitled to continue to be part of any City employee health, dental or vision

insurance plan.

Police Officers Union

Benefits Provided: Any employee retiring after January 1, 2015

shall not be entitled to continue to be part of any City employee health, dental or vision

insurance plan.

Municipal Employees

Non-Union (including Fire and Police Captain and Chief)

Benefits Covered: Any employee retiring after January 1, 2015

shall not be entitled to continue to be part of any City employee health, dental or vision insurance plan. (One current retiree receives

City-paid life insurance benefits.)

Department of Public Works Union (IBEW)

Normal Retirement Eligibility: Age 62 with 10 years of service.

Disability Retirement Eligibility: Total and permanent disablement as

determined by a qualified physician.

Persons Covered: Eligible retiree, spouse or other dependents

Benefits Covered: Eligible retirees hired before January 1, 1993

may continue on the Group Health insurance

until the retiree reaches age 65.

Retiree Contributions: Retiree pays premium charged.

Benefit Plan: PPO 500/1000 Health Insurance Plan

administered by Municipal Benefits Services.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (CONTINUED)

Plan Membership

As of December 31, 2018, plan membership consisted of:

| Active employees | 1 |
|---|---|
| Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 2 |
| Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet | |
| receiving them | |
| | |
| | 3 |
| | |

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

| | Total OPEB Liability | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------|
| | | (a) |
| Balances at December 31, 2017 | \$ | 148,369 |
| Changes for the year: | | |
| Service cost | | - |
| Interest | | 1,730 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | |
| Differences between expected | | |
| and actual experience | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | | - |
| Contributions - employer | | - |
| Contributions - employee | | - |
| Net investment income | | - |
| Benefit payments and refunds | | |
| of employee contributions | | (4,939) |
| Administrative expense | | - |
| Other changes | | |
| Net changes | | (3,209) |
| Balances at December 31, 2018 | \$ | 145,160 |

The City experienced total OPEB expense of \$4,939 as of December 31, 2018.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current rate.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (CONTINUED)

| Fiscal Year Ending | 12/31/2018 |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Current Discount Rate | \$ 145,160 |
| 1% Decrease | \$ 146,612 |
| 1% Increase | \$ 143,708 |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the city's net OPEB lability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% higher or lower than the current rates.

| Fiscal Year Ending | 12/31/2018 |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Current Discount Rate | \$ 145,160 |
| 1% Decrease | \$ 145,160 |
| 1% Increase | \$ 145,160 |

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the actuary, employer, and Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The following simplifying assumptions were made:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits Level dollar

Interest Rate 3.75% per year

Mortality RP-2014 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

Disablement No discount

Turnover (Withdrawal) No discount

Retirement Normal Retirement Age

Rates of Participation for Future Retirees 25%

Individual or Husband/Wife Coverage 50% Individual / 50% Husband/Wife

Spouse Age for Future Retirees Male spouses assumed to be 3 years older

than female spouses.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (CONTINUED)

Initial Annual Cost As of the valuation date, the cost for medical

(including prescription drug) coverage was developed starting with the applicable actual

premium schedules in effect

Premium Schedules Single \$ 10,481

Two people 27,255 Family 33,535 Parent/Children 23,055

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits are based upon the types of benefits provided under the substantive Plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point.

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The City participates in both state and federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The City is potentially liable for any expenditure that may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs.

Litigation

The City may be subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of the claims and litigation, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

NOTE 11 – SELF INSURANCE – HEALTH INSURANCE

The City entered into an agreement with Municipal Benefit Services (funded by the Municipal Employees Insurance Trust) to provide health and welfare benefits to the City's employees and retirees.

The City's self-insurance program pays health and dental insurance coverage for City employees. Retired employees are also covered by the program provided they pay a monthly premium to the City. Under the Trust Agreement, the City is obligated to make employer contributions as determined by the Trust or on a monthly basis.

At December 31, 2018, there is no material liability of unpaid claims to be reported by the City.

Required Supplementary

Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 Original Budget Final Budget Actual | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|----|-------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 6,517,000 | \$ | 6,517,000 | \$ | 6,485,819 | \$ | (31,181) |
| Intergovernmental | | 532,491 | | 532,491 | | 555,343 | | 22,852 |
| Charges for services | | 452,550 | | 452,550 | | 559,566 | | 107,016 |
| Interest, rents and royalties | | 3,000 | | 3,000 | | 28,922 | | 25,922 |
| Licenses and permits | | 423,550 | | 423,550 | | 501,212 | | 77,662 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 52,500 | | 52,500 | | 73,938 | | 21,438 |
| Other | | 38,450 | | 38,450 | | 305,409 | | 266,959 |
| Total Revenues | | 8,019,541 | | 8,019,541 | | 8,510,209 | | 490,668 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 1,415,373 | | 1,415,373 | | 1,084,445 | | 330,928 |
| Public safety | | 4,376,560 | | 4,376,560 | | 4,208,859 | | 167,701 |
| Public works | | 1,776,887 | | 1,776,887 | | 1,540,364 | | 236,523 |
| Culture and recreation | | 592,295 | | 592,295 | | 560,028 | | 32,267 |
| Community development | | 110,988 | | 110,988 | | 92,042 | | 18,946 |
| Building code enforcement | | 401,122 | | 401,122 | | 372,368 | | 28,754 |
| Debt service | | 192,138 | | 192,138 | | - | | 192,138 |
| Total Expenditures | | 8,865,363 | | 8,865,363 | | 7,858,106 | | 1,007,257 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | | (845,822) | | (845,822) | | 652,103 | | 1,497,925 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | |
| Loan settlement | | - | | - | | 145,010 | | 145,010 |
| Capital lease proceeds | | - | | - | | 20,377 | | 20,377 |
| Transfers in | | 280,115 | | 280,115 | | 516,878 | | 236,763 |
| Transfers out | | (1,268,750) | | (1,268,750) | | (838,938) | | 429,812 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | (988,635) | | (988,635) | | (156,673) | | 831,962 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (1,834,457) | | (1,834,457) | | 495,430 | | 2,329,887 |
| Fund Balances, Beginning of Year | | 3,504,303 | | 3,504,303 | | 3,504,303 | | |
| Fund Balances, End of Year | \$ | 1,669,846 | \$ | 1,669,846 | \$ | 3,999,733 | \$ | 2,329,887 |

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2018

Municipal Employees Pension Plan

Total Pension Liability at Plan Year End

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability at January 1 | \$ 6,106,471 | \$ 5,416,298 | \$ | 5,210,339 | \$ | 5,091,945 | \$ | 4,849,243 |
| Service cost | 151,378 | 166,289 | | 137,298 | | 135,432 | | 140,145 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | 70,534 | | - | | (113,700) | | - |
| Benefit payments | (363,384) | (327,099) | | (320,606) | | (276,676) | | (262,000) |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 356,408 | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest | 440,752 | 424,041 | | 389,267 | | 373,338 | | 364,557 |
| Total Pension Liability (TPL) | \$ 6,335,217 | \$ 6,106,471 | \$ | 5,416,298 | \$ | 5,210,339 | \$ | 5,091,945 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 5,893,933 | \$ 5,320,229 | \$ | 5,139,874 | \$ | 5,280,405 | \$ | 4,997,925 |
| Benefit payments | (363,384) | (327,099) | | (320,606) | | (276,676) | | (262,000) |
| Contributions - employer | 193,392 | 135,508 | | 136,779 | | 193,634 | | 198,243 |
| Contributions - member | 24,575 | 24,878 | | 22,187 | | 21,480 | | 21,042 |
| Net investment income | (259,726) | 760,021 | | 369,746 | | (48,092) | | 356,595 |
| Administrative expenses | (26,904) | (19,604) | | (27,751) | | (30,877) | | (31,400) |
| Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ 5,461,886 | \$ 5,893,933 | \$ | 5,320,229 | \$ | 5,139,874 | \$ | 5,280,405 |
| City Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ 873,331 | \$ 212,538 | \$ | 96,069 | \$ | 70,465 | \$ | (188,460) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | 97.207 | 06.50/ | | 00.20/ | | 00.60/ | | 102.70/ |
| pension liability | 86.2% | 96.5% | | 98.2% | | 98.6% | | 103.7% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 1,279,181 | \$ 1,255,134 | \$ | 1,264,036 | \$ | 1,114,818 | \$ | 1,160,268 |
| City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 68.3% | 16.9% | | 7.6% | | 6.3% | | -16.2% |

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

December 31, 2018

Police Pension Plan

Total Pension Liability at Plan Year End

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|
| Actuarial Acrued Liability at January 1 Service cost | \$ 7,873,272 179,535 | \$ 7,269,402 171,394 | \$ | 7,113,618 159,679 | \$ | 7,193,968 152,075 | \$ | 6,973,104 181,479 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - | | - | | (18,267) | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (59,672) | | - | | (267,700) | | - |
| Benefit payments | (553,666) | (529,712) | | (529,881) | | (459,060) | | (479,565) |
| Changes of assumptions | - | 471,417 | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest | 564,110 | 550,443 | | 525,986 | | 512,602 | | 518,950 |
| Total Pension Liability (TPL) | \$ 8,063,251 | \$ 7,873,272 | \$ | 7,269,402 | \$ | 7,113,618 | \$ | 7,193,968 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 8,300,110 | \$ 7,611,053 | \$ | 7,478,342 | \$ | 7,835,276 | \$ | 7,556,913 |
| Benefit payments | (553,666) | (529,712) | | (529,881) | | (459,060) | | (479,565) |
| Contributions - employer | 183,505 | 145,471 | | 133,197 | | 188,168 | | 221,701 |
| Contributions - member | 19,727 | 17,913 | | 18,538 | | 17,049 | | 16,650 |
| Net investment income | (360,541) | 1,086,322 | | 544,151 | | (66,660) | | 556,253 |
| Administrative expenses | (20,197) | (30,937) | | (33,294) | | (36,431) | | (36,676) |
| Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ 7,568,938 | \$ 8,300,110 | \$ | 7,611,053 | \$ | 7,478,342 | \$ | 7,835,276 |
| City Net Pension Liability (Asset) | \$ 494,313 | \$ (426,838) | \$ | (341,651) | \$ | (364,724) | \$ | (641,308) |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 93.9% | 105.4% | | 104.7% | | 105.1% | | 108.9% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 881,638 | \$ 931,319 | \$ | 784,113 | \$ | 937,229 | \$ | 782,344 |
| City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 56.1% | -45.8% | | -43.6% | | -38.9% | | -82.0% |

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios December 31, 2017

Firefighters Pension Plan

Total Pension Liability at Plan Year End

| • | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability at January 1 | \$ 3,560,261 | \$ 3,411,066 | \$ | 3,069,427 | \$ | 2,678,393 | \$ | 2,386,991 |
| Service cost | 193,215 | 154,335 | | 154,629 | | 147,970 | | 139,989 |
| Benefit payments | (1,352) | - | | (21,854) | | - | | (12,443) |
| Change of benefit terms | 636,134 | - | | - | | 388,152 | | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (142,810) | | - | | (332,424) | | - |
| Changes of assumptions | - | (87,452) | | - | | - | | - |
| Interest | 296,254 | 225,122 | | 208,864 | | 187,336 | | 163,856 |
| Total Pension Liability (TPL) | \$ 4,684,512 | \$ 3,560,261 | \$ | 3,411,066 | \$ | 3,069,427 | \$ | 2,678,393 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 3,347,628 | \$ 2,642,410 | \$ | 2,153,292 | \$ | 1,848,930 | \$ | 1,472,478 |
| Benefit payments | (1,352) | - | | (21,854) | | - | | (12,443) |
| Contributions - employer | 318,798 | 298,185 | | 293,375 | | 255,310 | | 255,007 |
| Contributions - member | 48,304 | 46,872 | | 42,398 | | 40,464 | | 38,551 |
| Net investment income | (159,269) | 374,329 | | 189,906 | | 25,278 | | 116,202 |
| Administrative expenses | (20,323) | (14,168) | | (14,707) | | (16,690) | | (20,865) |
| Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ 3,533,786 | \$ 3,347,628 | \$ | 2,642,410 | \$ | 2,153,292 | \$ | 1,848,930 |
| City Net Pension Liability (NPL) | \$ 1,150,726 | \$ 212,633 | \$ | 768,656 | \$ | 916,135 | \$ | 829,463 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | 75.4% | 94.0% | | 77.5% | | 70.2% | | 69.0% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 1,161,591 | \$ 1,039,727 | \$ | 940,445 | \$ | 873,664 | \$ | 807,829 |
| City's Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 99.1% | 20.5% | | 81.7% | | 104.9% | | 102.7% |

CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA Schedule of Contributions Municipal Employees Pension Plan

| Year Ended December 31 | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Actual Contributions | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered- employee Payroll | Contributions As a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 2008 | \$ 137,975 | \$ 139,031 | \$ (1,056) | \$ 1,136,096 | 12.2% |
| 2009 | 149,285 | 155,078 | (5,793) | - | N/A |
| 2010 | 156,819 | 208,971 | (52,152) | 1,239,358 | 16.9% |
| 2011 | 227,145 | 242,259 | (15,114) | - | N/A |
| 2012 | 238,199 | 238,199 | · - | 1,120,583 | 21.3% |
| 2013 | 211,217 | 211,217 | - | _ | N/A |
| 2014 | 198,243 | 198,243 | - | 1,160,268 | 17.1% |
| 2015 | 193,634 | 193,634 | - | 1,114,818 | 17.4% |
| 2016 | 136,779 | 136,779 | - | 1,264,036 | 10.8% |
| 2017 | 135,508 | 135,508 | - | 1,255,134 | 10.8% |
| 2018 | 193,392 | 193,392 | - | 1,279,181 | 15.1% |

See Notes to the Supplementary Schedules for an explanation of changes to benefits and actuarial assumptions.

Schedule of Contributions Municipal Employees Pension Plan

Notes to the Supplementary Schedules

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the calculation of actuarially determined contribution rates reported in the supplementary schedules:

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

January 1, 2017

Entry age normal

Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothing

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 4.75% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25% net of investment expenses not funded

through the MMO, and including inflation

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Table with rates set forward 5

years for disabled members. Mortality improvement based on long-range demographic

assumptions for 2015 SSA's trustee report.

Retirement age Later of Normal Retirement age or attained age if

currently eligible to retire.

Changes to Benefits:

Effective 1-1-2018, the pension plan was amended to grant third Class City Code minimum required benefits for full-time, non-uniformed, non-union employees hired after January 1, 2018 and for full-time, non-uniformed, non-union employees hired after January 1, 2019.

Changes to Assumptions:

Effective 1-1-2009, AVA smoothing (4-year) and RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

Effective 1-1-2011, pre-retirement death benefits are valued directly

Effective 1-1-2013, mortality assumption updated to recognize mortality improvements are expected to continue to occur

Effective 1-1-2017, Inflation lowered from 3.0% to 2.75%; interest rate lowered from 7.5% to 7.25%; salary increase rate lowered from 5.0% to 4.75%; mortality assumption updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy mortality and 7.5% Scale AA to RP-2014 mortality and mortality improvement based on the Social Security Administration's 2015 Demographic Assumptions; disability assumptions updated from 60% of the rates from Advanced Pension tables to rates based on the Social Security Administration's 2010 projections of disability incidence.

CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA Schedule of Contributions

Police Pension Plan

| Year Ended December 31 | Actuarially Determined Contribution | Actual Contributions | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | Covered- employee Payroll | Contributions As a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 2008 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 697,393 | N/A |
| 2009 | - | - | - | - | N/A |
| 2010 | - | - | - | 813,673 | N/A |
| 2011 | 174,963 | 188,423 | (13,460) | - | N/A |
| 2012 | 174,099 | 174,099 | · - | 864,627 | 20.1% |
| 2013 | 181,370 | 181,370 | - | - | N/A |
| 2014 | 221,701 | 221,701 | - | 782,344 | 28.3% |
| 2015 | 188,168 | 188,168 | - | 937,229 | 20.1% |
| 2016 | 133,197 | 133,197 | - | 784,113 | 17.0% |
| 2017 | 145,471 | 145,471 | - | 931,319 | 15.6% |
| 2018 | 183,505 | 183,505 | - | 881,638 | 20.8% |

See Notes to the Supplementary Schedules for an explanation of changes to benefits and actuarial assumptions.

Schedule of Contributions Police Pension Plan

Notes to the Supplementary Schedules

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the calculation of actuarially determined contribution rates reported in the supplementary schedules:

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

January 1, 2017

Entry age normal

Level dollar, open

Remaining amortization period 17 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothing

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 4.75% plus an additional 2.667% in the year

preceding retirement to reflect the inclusion of pay for unused sick days in the calculation of Final Average Monthly Compensation including

inflation.

Investment rate of return 7.25% net of investment expenses not funded

through the MMO, and including inflation.

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Table with 50% Blue Collar

Adjustments, with rates set forward 5 years for disabled members. Mortality improvement based on long-range demographic assumptions for 2015

SSA's trustee report.

Retirement age Participants who will be over age 55 at 20 years

of service are assumed to retire. For all others 40% are assumed to retire upon reaching 20 years of service before age 55, 20% are assumed to retire after reaching 21 years of service with

100% assumed at age 55.

Changes to Benefits:

Effective 1-1-2007, the extra service benefit was changed to 1/40 of normal retirement benefit for each year completed over 20 up to a maximum monthly benefit of \$500. Also, the percentage of accumulated sick days used in the calculation of final average monthly compensation increased to 40%.

Effective 1-1-2009, normal retirement eligibility was changed to 20 years of service with no age requirement.

Effective 1-1-2015, Plan amended to eliminate killed-in-service benefit.

Changes to Assumptions:

Effective 1-1-2009, asset smoothing (4-year), pre-retirement death benefits now directly valued, mortality table changed to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected forward to 2005 with scale AA, and retirement assumption of 20% once 20 years of service with 100% assumed to age 55.

Effective 1-1-2013, mortality improvement and blue-collar adjustment now included.

Effective 1-1-2017, inflation lowered from 3.0% to 2.75%; interest rate lowered from 7.5% to 7.25%; salary increase rate lowered from 5.0% to 4.75%; mortality assumption updated from RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with Blue Collar adj. and 75% Scale AA to RP-2014 mortality with 50% Blue Collar adj. and mortality improvement based on the Social Security Administration's 2015 Demographic Assumptions; disability assumption updated from 60% of the rates from Advance Pension Tables to rates based on the Social Security Administration's 2010 projections of disability incidence; retirement assumption was modified, increasing rates of retirement under age 55.

CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA Schedule of Contributions Firefighters Pension Plan

| Year Ended December 31 | Dete | uarially ermined cribution | _ | Actual tributions | | | eı | Covered- mployee Payroll | Contributions As a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll |
|------------------------|------|----------------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------|----|--------------------------------|--|
| 2008 | \$ | 79,850 | \$ | 81,653 | \$ | (1,803) | \$ | 702,840 | 11.6% |
| 2009 | | 75,251 | | 79,889 | | (4,638) | | - | N/A |
| 2010 | | 73,598 | | 98,339 | | (24,741) | | 741,390 | 13.3% |
| 2011 | | 99,007 | | 107,671 | | (8,664) | | - | N/A |
| 2012 | | 101,786 | | 101,786 | | _ | | 805,823 | 12.6% |
| 2013 | | 300,800 | | 300,800 | | - | | - | N/A |
| 2014 | | 255,007 | | 255,007 | | - | | 807,829 | 31.6% |
| 2015 | | 255,310 | | 255,310 | | - | | 873,664 | 29.2% |
| 2016 | | 293,375 | | 293,375 | | - | | 940,445 | 31.2% |
| 2017 | | 298,185 | | 298,185 | | - | | 1,039,727 | 28.7% |
| 2018 | | 318,798 | | 318,798 | | - | | 1,161,591 | 27.4% |

See Notes to the Supplementary Schedules for an explanation of changes to benefits and actuarial assumptions.

Schedule of Contributions Firefighters Pension Plan

Notes to the Supplementary Schedules

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the calculation of actuarially determined contribution rates reported in the supplementary schedules:

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

January 1, 2015

Entry age normal

Level dollar, closed

7 years aggregate

Market Value

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increase 4.5% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.5% net of investment expenses not funded

through the MMO, and including inflation

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality table with

Blue collar Adjustment and rates set forward 5 years for disabled lives, and rates projected with

75% of scale AA.

Retirement Age: Normal retirement age, or attained age, if currently

eligible to retire

Changes to Benefits:

Effective in 2010, compensation base for benefits was changed to the greater of monthly rate of pay at retirement, normal retirement benefit is 50% of final average salary, employee contributions increased to 5.0% and a differentiation was made between service and non-service-related disabilities.

Effective 1-1-2015, a 100% survivor benefit was added, a pre-retirement death benefit was added with 50% of the vested accrued payable immediately or 100% of the accrued payable at normal retirement, a service increment equal to 1/40 of benefit for service over 20 years up to a maximum of \$4,250 a month and employee contributions increased \$2.50 per month per employee.

Effective 1-1-2018, as of January 1, 2020, the retirement eligibility has been reduced from age 55 with 20 years of service to age 50 with 20 years of service. Additionally, for new hires after January 1, 2020, the maximum service increment has been reduced from \$250 a month to \$100 a month.

Changes to Assumptions:

Effective 1-1-2007, interest rate lowered to 5.5%.

Effective 1-1-2009, mortality table updated to RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality.

Effective 1-1-2011, interest rate lowered to 5.25% and direct value of the pre-retirement death benefits.

Effective 1-1-2013, interest rate increased to 6.50%, no turnover assumed and a morality projection and blue-collar adjustment were included.

Schedule of Investment Ratios

Annual money weighted return, net of investment expense not funded through MMO.

Municipal Employees

| 2014 | 7.29% |
|------|--------|
| 2015 | -0.93% |
| 2016 | 7.36% |
| 2017 | 14.63% |
| 2018 | -4.45% |

Police

| 2014 | 7.57% |
|------|--------|
| 2015 | -0.87% |
| 2016 | 7.46% |
| 2017 | 14.70% |
| 2018 | -4 44% |

Firefighters

| 2014 | 7.73% |
|------|--------|
| 2015 | 1.34% |
| 2016 | 8.67% |
| 2017 | 13.97% |
| 2018 | -4.70% |

CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA Pension Trusts Schedules of Funding Progress

| | | | Actuarial | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|----|------------|--------|-----|-----------|--------------|
| | Actuarial | | Accrued | J | Infunded | | | | Excess as a |
| Actuarial | Value of | Lia | bility (AAL) | | AAL | Funded | (| Covered | % of Covered |
| Valuation | Assets |] | Entry Age | | (UAAL) | Ratio | | Payroll | Payroll |
| Date | (a) | | (b) | | (b-a) | (a/b) | (c) | | ((b-a)/c) |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Employee P | ension Fund | | | | | | | | |
| 1/1/2017 | \$ 5,545,250 | \$ | 5,843,240 | \$ | 297,990 | 94.9% | \$ | 1,264,036 | 23.60% |
| 1/1/2015 | 4,989,306 | | 4,978,245 | | (11,061) | 100.2% | | 1,160,268 | NA |
| 1/1/2013 | 4,148,734 | | 4,607,336 | | 458,602 | 90.0% | | 1,120,583 | 40.9% |
| 1/1/2011 | 3,510,531 | | 4,151,305 | | 640,774 | 84.6% | | 1,239,358 | 51.7% |
| 1/1/2009 | 2,997,482 | | 3,618,059 | | 620,577 | 82.8% | | 1,136,096 | 54.6% |
| 1/1/2007 | 3,217,048 | | 3,190,995 | | (26,053) | 100.8% | | 973,143 | NA |
| Police Pension Fund | | | | | | | | | |
| 1/1/2017 | \$ 7,928,591 | \$ | 7,681,147 | \$ | (247,444) | 103.2% | \$ | 784,113 | NA |
| 1/1/2015 | 7,358,838 | | 6,908,001 | | (450,837) | 106.5% | | 782,344 | NA |
| 1/1/2013 | 6,494,538 | | 6,772,003 | | 277,465 | 95.9% | | 864,627 | 32.1% |
| 1/1/2011 | 6,152,280 | | 6,346,882 | | 194,602 | 96.9% | | 813,673 | 23.9% |
| 1/1/2009 | 6,031,216 | | 6,062,150 | | 30,934 | 99.5% | | 697,393 | 4.4% |
| 1/1/2007 | 7,297,265 | | 5,749,836 | (| 1,547,429) | 126.9% | | 491,614 | NA |
| Firefighters | Pension Fund | | | | | | | | |
| 1/1/2017 | \$ 2,642,410 | \$ | 3,180,804 | \$ | 538,394 | 83.1% | \$ | 940,445 | 57.20% |
| 1/1/2015 | 1,848,930 | | 2,734,121 | | 885,191 | 67.6% | | 807,829 | 109.6% |
| 1/1/2013 | 1,062,663 | | 2,115,985 | | 1,053,322 | 50.2% | | 805,823 | 130.7% |
| 1/1/2011 | 729,441 | | 2,027,225 | | 1,297,784 | 36.0% | | 741,390 | 175.0% |
| 1/1/2009 | 812,665 | | 1,200,322 | | 387,657 | 67.7% | | 702,840 | 55.2% |
| 1/1/2007 | 1,000,463 | | 1,261,852 | | 261,389 | 79.3% | | 682,214 | 38.3% |

CITY OF WARREN, PENNSYLVANIA POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION TRUSTS Schedule of Funding Progress

| Actuarial Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) | Funded Ratio | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| 01/01/2017 | - | \$ 148,369 | \$ 148,369 | 0% | \$ 54,434 | 2.72% |
| 01/01/2014 | - | 439,604 | 439,604 | 0% | 2,391,807 | 19.0% |
| 01/01/2011 | - | 531,979 | 531,979 | 0% | 2,311,759 | 23.0% |

Other Post Employment Benefits

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in total OPEB Liability December 31, 2018

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Total OPEB liability | | |
| Service cost | \$ - | \$ - |
| Interest | 1,730 | 5,789 |
| Changes of benefit terms | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | - | (24,870) |
| Changes of assumptions | - | - |
| Other changes | - | (13,643) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions | (4,939) | 1,847 |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | (3,209) | (30,877) |
| Total OPEB liability – beginning | 148,369 | 179,246 |
| Total OPEB liability – ending | \$ 145,160 | \$ 148,369 |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 54,434 | \$ 54,434 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 266% | 272% |

Notes to the Supplementary Schedules

There were no significant changes to the assumptions used in calculating the above total OPEB Liability as this was the first-year reporting under GASB 75. No assets are accumulated in a trust for payment of benefits to employees.

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Parking Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | | | | Variance With Final Budget |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| | Original | | | Positive |
| | Budget | Final Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Operating Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for service | \$ 371,840 | \$ 371,840 | \$ 467,100 | \$ 95,260 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 371,840 | 371,840 | 467,100 | 95,260 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 71,351 | 71,351 | 68,008 | 3,343 |
| Employee benefits | 21,603 | 21,603 | 26,195 | (4,592) |
| Supplies | 37,250 | 37,250 | 15,858 | 21,392 |
| Utilities | 26,000 | 26,000 | 25,372 | 628 |
| Other | 256,640 | 256,640 | 91,921 | 164,719 |
| Depreciation | | | 263,596 | (263,596) |
| Total Operating Expenses | 412,844 | 412,844 | 490,950 | (78,106) |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (41,004) | (41,004) | (23,850) | 17,154 |
| Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) | | | | |
| Investment earnings | _ | - | 445 | 445 |
| Interest expense | (1,960) | (1,960) | (1,959) | 1 |
| Transfers out | (137,748) | (137,748) | (137,746) | 2 |
| Total Nan Onanatina Davanua | | | | |
| Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) | (139,708) | (139,708) | (139,260) | 448 |
| (Expense) | (139,708) | (139,708) | (139,200) | 440 |
| Change in Net Position | (180,712) | (180,712) | (163,110) | 17,602 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 7,852,282 | 7,852,282 | 7,852,282 | |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 7,671,570 | \$ 7,671,570 | \$ 7,689,172 | \$ 17,602 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Sewer Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | | | | Variance With |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | Original | | | Final Budget Positive |
| | Budget | Final Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Operating Revenues | Buaget | T mai Baaget | 7 Tottaal | (Tregutive) |
| Charges for service | \$ 1,993,562 | \$ 1,993,562 | \$ 2,580,982 | \$ 587,420 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 1,993,562 | 1,993,562 | 2,580,982 | 587,420 |
| Onewating Evnenges | | | | |
| Operating Expenses Salaries and wages | 340,902 | 340,902 | 343,876 | (2,974) |
| Employee benefits | 145,649 | 145,649 | 123,316 | 22,333 |
| Supplies | 111,350 | 111,350 | 103,283 | 8,067 |
| Sludge removal | 129,000 | 129,000 | 164,823 | (35,823) |
| Utilities | 216,450 | 216,450 | 172,233 | 44,217 |
| Other | 1,057,856 | 1,057,856 | 207,702 | 850,154 |
| Depreciation / amortization | 1,037,030 | 1,037,030 | 655,855 | (655,855) |
| | | | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | 2,001,207 | 2,001,207 | 1,771,088 | 230,119 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (7,645) | (7,645) | 809,894 | 817,539 |
| Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) | | | | |
| Investment earnings | 3,000 | 3,000 | 87,016 | 84,016 |
| Interest expense | (200,776) | (200,776) | (200,253) | 523 |
| Transfers out | (66,409) | (66,409) | (66,410) | (1) |
| Total Non-Operating Revenue | | | | |
| (Expense) | (264,185) | (264,185) | (179,647) | 84,538 |
| Change in Net Position | (271,830) | (271,830) | 630,247 | 902,077 |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 13,341,010 | 13,341,010 | 13,341,010 | |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 13,069,180 | \$ 13,069,180 | \$ 13,971,257 | \$ 902,077 |
| | | | | |

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

| | Im | Capital provement Program Fund | I | Highway Aid | lade Run Escrow | Deve B | nmunity Hopment Hock Frant | ebt vice | Total Jonmajor vernmental Funds |
|---|----|---|----|----------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Intergovernmental receivable, net | \$ | 120,283 | \$ | 319,074 | \$ 11,511 | \$ | - - | \$ - - | \$ 330,585 120,283 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 120,283 | \$ | 319,074 | \$ 11,511 | \$ | | \$ | \$ 450,868 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable Interfund payable Deferred revenue | \$ | 23,288 96,995 | \$ | - - - | \$ - - - | \$ | - - - | \$ - - - | \$ 23,288 96,995 |
| Total Liabilities | | 120,283 | | - | _ | | | | 120,283 |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted: Liquid fuels Committed Glade floodway | | - - | | 319,074 | 11,511 | | - <u>-</u> | - - | 319,074 11,511 |
| Total Fund Balance | | | | 319,074 | 11,511 | | | | 330,585 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balance | \$ | 120,283 | \$ | 319,074 | \$ 11,511 | \$ | | \$ | \$ 450,868 |

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | Capital Improvement Program Fund | Highway Aid | Glade Run Escrow | Community Development Block Grant | Debt Service | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest, rents and royalties Other | \$ 49,050 - 5,000 | \$ 311,041 9,750 | \$ - 7 - | \$ 164,716 6 | \$ - - - | \$ 524,807 9,763 5,000 |
| Total Revenues | 54,050 | 320,791 | 7 | 164,722 | | 539,570 |
| EXPENDITURES Community development Debt service | 642,148 | - - | - - | 19,951 144,771 | 243,340 | 662,099 388,111 |
| Total Expenditures | 642,148 | | | 164,722 | 243,340 | 1,050,210 |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | (588,098) | 320,791 | 7 | | (243,340) | (510,640) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out | 588,098 | (312,722) | 7,500 | - - | 243,340 | 838,938 (312,722) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 588,098 | (312,722) | 7,500 | | 243,340 | 526,216 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | - | 8,069 | 7,507 | - | - | 15,576 |
| Fund Balance, Beginning of Year | | 311,005 | 4,004 | | | 315,009 |
| Fund Balance, End of Year | \$ - | \$ 319,074 | \$ 11,511 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 330,585 |

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trusts December 31, 2018

| | Firefighter Pension | Police Pension | Non-Uniform Employee Pension | Total | |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ - 3,533,786 | \$ 50,132 7,522,036 | \$ 31,729 5,430,157 | \$ 81,861 16,485,979 | |
| Total Assets | \$ 3,533,786 | \$ 7,572,168 | \$ 5,461,886 | \$ 16,567,840 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ - | \$ 339 | \$ 797 | \$ 1,136 | |
| Total Liabilities | | 339 | 797 | 1,136 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net position held in trust for pension | 3,533,786 | 7,571,829 | 5,461,089 | 16,566,704 | |
| Total Net Position | 3,533,786 | 7,571,829 | 5,461,089 | 16,566,704 | |
| Total Liabilities and Net Position | \$ 3,533,786 | \$ 7,572,168 | \$ 5,461,886 | \$ 16,567,840 | |

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trusts

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

| | Firefighter Pension | Police Pension | Non-Uniform Employee Pension | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Additions: | | | | |
| Contributions | | | | |
| Employer | \$ 318,798 | \$ 183,505 | \$ 193,392 | \$ 695,695 |
| Plan members | 48,304 | 19,727 | 24,575 | 92,606 |
| Total | 367,102 | 203,232 | 217,967 | 788,301 |
| Investment income (loss), net | (159,269) | (360,541) | (259,726) | (779,536) |
| Total Additions | 207,833 | (157,309) | (41,759) | 8,765 |
| Deductions: | | | | |
| Benefits | _ | 550,436 | 363,384 | 913,820 |
| Management expense | 16,874 | 20,536 | 20,873 | 58,283 |
| Total Deductions | 16,874 | 570,972 | 384,257 | 972,103 |
| Change in Net Position | 190,959 | (728,281) | (426,016) | (963,338) |
| Net Position, Beginning of Year | 3,342,827 | 8,300,110 | 5,887,105 | 17,530,042 |
| Net Position, End of Year | \$ 3,533,786 | \$ 7,571,829 | \$ 5,461,089 | \$ 16,566,704 |



FELIX & GLOEKLER, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 2306 Peninsula Drive • Erie, Pennsylvania 16506

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the City Council City of Warren, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Warren, Pennsylvania's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Felix and Gloekler, P.C.

Felix and Glockler P.C.

June 25, 2019 Erie, Pennsylvania